The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C., MAY 1, 1873. NO. 18.

VOL. XXI.

The People's Press.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THE GIRL ... or,

How a Dream Came True.

"I'm very tired," sighed the minister, as he pushed the shutters impatiently back. The movement sent in a shower of rose leaves.

"Pity, pity," cried a childish voice.

Mrs. Winfield, the minister's wife, stood at the door in a cool, white wrapper, holding back a beautiful, eager child.

"Shall she come in, George? are you through?"

"Yes; come here, Rosebud, and kiss away papa's headache."

"Tell papa he must walk out and let the wind kiss it away," said the clergyman's wife.

The little thing repeated her mother's words in baby language.

"You should go out, George," Mrs. Winfield, reiterated, "go to the running brooks and stones, or some of your poor parishioners, and let them talk to you. You know that always does you good; and there's little Bessie—"

"Oh, little Bessie; I had almost forgotten the child; haven't been there for a week, and the good little tailor; he will think we have neglected him. One more hug, pet, and pick up the rose leaves; good-bye, wife;" and leaving a kiss on two pairs of lips he put on his hat and went out.

"THOMAS CLEARY, TAILOR."

That was what the bit of a sign said over a bit of shop door. Everything was on a small scale there—Thomas, his cheery wife, and the brown shanty, by courtesy called a cottage.

The clergyman entered, not without stooping.

"Well, Thomas, stitching away yet; I ... tired sometimes, this hot

As he spoke, he laid his hat upon the white pine table, and sat down near the tailor whose legs were crossed under him. The window was open ...

... the room. The shop was charmingly clean; the walls, though cracked, were neatly whitewashed. Beyond, in the parlor and bed-room combined, could be seen a square of rag carpet and a few pine chairs.

Thomas looked up with a smile.

"Yes, sir; I'm stitching yet; a little wearisome, but it brings the bread and pays Bossie's doctor bill. It's not like the gardening I did when a lad; but then the Lord make me thankful. He gives me plenty to do."

"What! your side aches;" the tailor had made a sudden motion of pain.

"Well, there's a bit of an ache there sometimes," said Thomas, his face clearing up, and the happy smile beaming again. "It's a sharp, uncanny stitch, too, but it only stays for a minute, and so I'd ought to be thankful. I wouldn't like to feel it long at a time, though."

"No, Thomas, I don't like you to feel it at all;" said the minister with a serious face. "How is Bessie this morning?"

"The darling is weak, sir, very weak; the doctor said yesterday I must get her a bottle of the very best wine. That costs extra, so I work at odd times to get it. I did some white washing yesterday, got up just at daylight and had the work done and money in my hand by the time I sat down to the coat. Three morning's work like that will soon bring money enough for the wine. It mayn't be long we'll keep her, and she shall have what she needs, please God, if I have to work my fingers to the bone."

"You shan't do that, Thomas; see here one of your kind friends and mine, gave me money for just such a purpose; there is enough for the medicine; don't get up at daylight, to-morrow, Thomas."

The man's lips quivered as his pastor put the money on his knee.

"I'm not above taking such helps as that," he said, lifting his tear-filled eyes from his pastor's gentle face to the heavens that smiled benignly down. "God bless you."

"Does the doctor give any hope for Bessie?" asked the minister after a pause.

"Not while she stays in this close city air, sir, though it's a niceish sort of place compared with some. He says could we take her into the country, sir, 'twould save her. But here's the work, sir, and here, I suppose, is the duty. That was what he said yesterday; nothing but the country air. I felt bad over it last night, so did Mary; her heart is bound up in the child. I thought what a bit o' country air and sunshine would do for her, and we so poor we couldn't afford that little. I don't complain, sir, it only come to me like. Wife and I prayed over it, and it seemed almost as if the dear Lord answered us in a dream."

"In a dream, Thomas?"

"Ah, sir, the sweetest dream a mortal ever had. I think it made me a happier man; I do, indeed, sir. There was Bessie on the grass, and the flowers growing all around her. Some were high as her sweet head, and there was a color in her pretty cheeks, such a light in her blue eyes, and such a ring in her voice as she cried out:"

"Oh, father, God's blessed, beautiful country!"

"For there's where we were in our dream, sir; and then I heard wife's voice and there she stood, sure enough, in the doorway of a little cottage. I can see it now; the prettiest picture' with a bit of white curtain blowing out of the open window, and all about were trees and grass and flowers. And I thought to myself, 'my woman won't have to slave her life out over the wash-tub.' It made me so light o' heart that the wife said she lay and listened to me laughing in my sleep."

"I wish your dream might come true, Thomas; have you any faith to believe that it will?"

"God is able," said Thomas, softly, stitching away. "I'm certain it would be just like him. And if he don't see fit, you know, I ought to feel thankful for the dream itself, barring that Mary cried when I told her, and said that maybe it meant that wee Bessie would soon be under the daisies. There's Bessie now," he added, "the dear child lets me know when she wakes; will you go in?"

The tailor leaned over and lifted up the ... there was one large window, and close to that the clean white bed of the sick child was drawn. A smile sweet and glad, crossed the pale, wan face. Her hand nestled confidingly in his.

"Well, Bessie," he asked, "is the pain gone?"

"Yes, sir, thank you," she replied, in a voice like soft, sweet music.

"Oh, always well," and an indescribably rapturous expression flashed over her sweet face.

"You hear the children at play sometimes?"

"Yes; I love to hear them. Mother cries because I am lying here so helpless when they are running about, but I don't mind it so very much."

"Don't you feel as though you would like to go out and play with them?"

Never could he forget the look she gave him, half sad, half smiling, nor the answer that followed slowly.

"What good would it do to feel so?"

He said afterwards there was a sermon in that sentence.

Just then a pale woman entered. She too greeted the minister with one of her cheering smiles. She had just run over she said, to get some dinner for her husband, and Mrs. Clark had sent such a nice bowl of broth for the little one.

"How good they are," said Bessie, gratefully.

"All tired out?" asked the minister, noticing that she sank somewhat wearily into the chair.

"A little—it's hard work, but its—its healthy."

"You have some blessings," he ventured again.

"Some? oh, my cup is running over," she replied. "Look at my husband and child! There's Thomas, one of the kind-... working like a slave for me and her; never giving himself any pleasure, while most of the men in this neighborhood squander their earnings and ... el. O, sir, indeed I can't thank ... ough for my blessings"

"Well, well, it beats all," murmured the clergyman to himself, as he left the house. "Here are two people working like slaves; sickness and the prospect of death staring them in the face—and yet they are as happy, aye, happier, than kings and queens."

He had scarcely reached his house when he was met by a gentleman whose broadcloth and personal appearance and manners denoted that he was a man of wealth and leisure.

"Pleasant day," said the preacher.

"Yes, for a wonder," was the ungracious reply. "We've had bad weather quite long enough, and I don't suppose this will last till to-morrow."

The minister thought of the poor, cheerful Thomas, who was sewing away in his close shop.

"How is your little daughter," he now asked.

"No better; don't think she ever will be. I've taken her here and there, and everywhere, but Providence, I think, sometimes, seems to take particular pleasure in thwarting my plans."

"Don't accuse Providence, my friend. You have been blessed with large possessions, and unbounded opportunities for doing good."

"Hang the opportunities; I beg your pardon; I'm in a bad mood, and I could say plague take the possessions. As to doing good, I invariably get cheated if I undertake to do a benevolent deed. The fact is, I'm in hot water all the time about some mishap or other. My gardener died yesterday, an invaluable man, and where I am to get another with a tithe of his qualifications, I cannot tell."

The minister's face brightened.

"Perhaps I can," he said.

"You?"

"Yes, I, my friend; I think you need a lesson. I want you to see a poor laboring man. He has a little girl who has been confined to her bed for months. I think together they can read you a sermon such as you may not have listened to before—better than from any pulpit."

"Ah, I see, you have got another case of destitute honesty, but I'll go with you, especially as there is a sick child in the case."

That same afternoon the rich and portly stranger astonished the poor journeyman tailor with his august presence.

"Thomas," said the clergyman, who accompanied him, "I want you to tell this gentleman your dream;" and the poor man, after a little hesitation, complied. When he spoke of the pleasure of little Bessie at the great and beautiful change, the eyes of the rich merchant filled with tears.

"Where is this little child who loves the country so much?" he asked.

The tailor unlatched the little door. Bessie was suffering from one of her paroxysms of pain, but though great drops of anguish stood upon her forehead, though the sweet eyes were languid with suffering, the old smile, so full of beauty, came to her lips, when her pastor bent over her.

"Good heavens! to be sick here!" exclaimed the merchant, his thoughts reverting to the luxurious surroundings of his own child.

"There is something finer than common in the atmosphere of this place with all its poverty," he whispered to the clergyman; "I wonder if this man knows anything about gardening?"

"Ask him—stop," and he turned to the tailor.

"Well, Thomas," he said, "suppose the Lord would bring your dream to pass—what would you say?"

Thomas paused a moment, and then looking up with a smile:

"I should say it was just like Him!"

"Well, Thomas, do you know anything about gardening?" asked the merchant.

"I was brought up to it, sir," answered the tailor modestly.

"Then throw down your lap board and put up your needles, for your dream is coming true. I have just lost my gardener. On my estate is a nice little cottage, with flowers and vines growing all around it. I have no doubt you will give the greatest satisfaction.

The tailor looked around him much bewildered.

"You must be in earnest, sir, and yet my mind won't take it in. Is it for me to leave this close city spot and go into the ... sick child to ... the heaven's pure air? Is it indeed all true?"

"As soon as you can get ready, the place is ready for you," was the merchant's quick reply.

His dream was realized. Sweet, patient, saint-like Bessie! It was not long till she lay in the little room of that cottage-home looking with rapture upon the flowers that bloomed without and within; upon the glorious breadth of blue sky.

And when strength came, and she found new beauties in the soft summer sunshine, she became the companion of the merchant's daughter, and taught the child such lessons of love and patience, that the sick room became, as her own had been, a little heaven on earth.

The Forest Wealth of North Carolina.

THE OAKS OF NORTH CAROLINA.—This noble genus of trees—many of them patriarchal monarchs of the forest—contains more species than any other in our country. In North Carolina, there is a larger number than in all the States north of us, and only one or two less than in all the Southern States, east of the Mississippi. Of the twenty species known to exist within the State limits, several hardly rise to the dignity of trees, while others assume the most gigantic proportions. Several large individuals may be seen around the Capitol at Raleigh, and immediate vicinity, imparting to that place the ... appropriate name of "City of Oak... valuable species of th... oup of trees is the *White* ... by that name everywhe... used for vehicles, agri... ooper-work, ship-bu... purposes where ... *rability* are requ... able foliage, ... of our most ... worthy of a con... foreground of ev...

Live Oak (*Qu*... eculiarly a Southern ... long the sea-coast from ... Texas. The wood is highly ... -building, being close-gra... urable than any other, and hard... th age. Many other species, more or less valuable, and having the respective well-known uses, are widely dispersed over the State, as the Post Oak, Red Oak, Spanish Oak, Rock Chestnut Oak, Water Oak, &c., all uniting to swell the grand aggregate resources of this group of trees.

Of the Hickory, we have seven species, of which the most valuable are the common Hickory, Shell-bark and Pig-nut Hickory. The wood of these is extensively used for axle-trees, spokes, handles, screws, chair frames, mill-cogs, &c. Already seven or eight spoke and handle factories are in successful operation in this State, supplying, to a great extent, not only our own and foreign demands, but even those of Europe with the indispensable articles made of our superior Southern timber.

Of the Walnut, we have two species, the Black and the White, both well known under these names. The wood of the Black Walnut, being of a dark brown color, and sufficiently compact to receive a fine polish, is extensively used, and highly prized for all kinds of cabinet work. As the wood is odoriferous, it is exempt from the attacks of insects. Indeed, no tree of the American forest is better calculated to satisfy the requirements of Mahogany than this. It makes a pleasant shade, and mingles well with other trees about a residence. The White Walnut is of less value, but its young fruit, with that of the English or Peruvian Walnut, now beginning to be cultivated, is occasionally used for pickles.

Of the Chestnut we have two species; the common kind, and the Chinquapin. The fruit of our common chestnut is smaller, but superior in sweetness to that of Europe. It is abundant in the mountains and on some of the ridge lands of the western counties. The wood is porous, elastic, and of great durability *above ground*, lasting as fence rails from forty to fifty years. When Arboriculture, or tree planting is introduced, of which the necessity is now strongly foreshadowed in certain portions of our country, denuded of its forest growth, then the Chestnut, White Oak, Hickory, Locust, Black Walnut, and a few other forest trees will properly become objects of special cultivation.

Of the Maple, we have five species. The most valuable are the common Red Maple, used for a variety of domestic purposes; the White or Silver Maple, confined to the mountains, and prized as a desirable shade tree; and the Sugar Maple, extending from Canada to Georgia, and most valuable for its abundant flow of saccharine sap in early Spring, readily convertible into sugar. In several of the higher mountain counties, as Ashe, Watauga, Yancey, &c., the Sugar Maple is found in a considerable abundance, there finding the cool atmosphere necessary for its vigorous growth. And did the proper facilities of transportation to the interior exist, the quantity of its peculiar product could be greatly increased, and its manufacture rendered a source of far more profitable employment than its present secluded localities now permit.

Of the Ashe we have four species, of which the most valuable is the common White Ashe, widely distributed over the United States. The wood is strong, elastic, and extensively used by coachmakers, wheelwrights, &c. It is also a showy tree, and well worthy a position in private grounds.

Of the Elm, we have three species; the large American Elm, the Small-leaved Elm, both used for the naves of wheels, and shade trees; and the Slippery Elm, most valuable for the copious mucilage of its inner bark, frequently used in domestic practice.

Of the Gum, we have three species, of which the common Black Gum is most frequently used. The fibres of the wood are so tortuously interwoven that it is extremely difficult to split—so much so, that it has become proverbial to say "as tough as Gum," and yet this very *uncleavable* property imparts to it an important value for a variety of useful purposes. The bright, crimson foliage of this tree after frost, together with that of the Red Maple, Sassafras, and several kinds of oak contribute much to that brilliancy and charming appearance of our autumnal forest scenery so greatly admired by foreigners.

Of the Magnolia, a genus of trees universally admired, consisting of seven species, all are found in North Carolina—a remarkable diversity of production which ... to no other State. These vary in size from a small fragrant shrub, as the Sweet Bay (*Magnolia glauca*) to tall majestic trees. Three species mostly display their charms on the declivities of our higher mountains. One (*Magnolia grandiflora*) with a straight, columnar trunk from 60 to 80 feet high, and crowned with a pyramidal of the deepest perennial verdure, is found along the coast from Florida to Brunswick county in this State, being its most Northern limit. Another, the Broad-leaved Magnolia, (*M. macrophylla*) a very conspicuous species, has leaves and flowers surpassing in size those of any other tree in North America! It is extremely restricted in its native localities, being only found, east of the Alleghanies, on the Chattahoochie in Georgia, in middle Florida, and on several tributaries of the South Catawba in Gaston and Lincoln counties, N. C. In consequence of the great beauty and showy appearance of this ornamental genus, several species have, long since, been transplanted into public and private grounds, and introduced into the botanic gardens of the world. In this connection it should be remarked that a large number of attractive and ornamental shrubs, which serve to embellish our mountains, and clothe them with living grandeur, can here receive little more than a passing enumeration, as the Laurels (*Rhododendron*), 3 species; Ivies (*Kalmia*), 3 species; Yellow Honeysuckle (*Azalea*) 4 species, very beautiful; Mountain Pepperbush, (*Clethra*), 2 species, very pretty; False Heath (*Menzieza*) with numerous reddish, bell-shaped flowers; Syringa, 2 species; Snowy Hydrangea, very attractive, and only found on the mountains from Yancey county to northern Georgia. Some of these have found their way into cultivation, but many "are born to blush unseen, and waste their sweetness on the *mountain air*."

Tulip Tree, or White Poplar (*Lsrivdendron*).—A genus of only a single species, and well-known over a great portion of the United States. Its wood is used for a variety of domestic purposes. For its elegance of form, great size, beauty of foliage and numerous variegated blossoms it is one of the most conspicuous trees of the American forest. In Europe, where it has long been introduced, and greatly admired, it bears the name of Tulip Tree, preferable to that of Poplar, and characteristic of its tulip-like flowers.

Of the Locust, we have three species, of which the most valuable is the Black Locust. It first makes its appearance in Pennsylvania, and extends along the mountains to Georgia. It is also found in considerable abundance on the Catawba and its tributaries. The wood is hard, compact, and of the most durable kind; and is highly prized in naval architecture, and for fence posts. As it is of rapid growth, it is worthy of being cultivated for the durability of its timber.

To this long list of native trees should be added others of almost equal importance, and claiming more extended notices than our prescribed limits will permit; as the Red Cedar, and common Mulberry, both very durable; Wild Cherry, abundant in the mountains; Linden, Beech, Birch, Sassafras, &c., all of which have their appropriate uses in rural economy, and clearly establish the pre-eminent distinction to which North Carolina is justly entitled for her unrivalled picturesque scenery and valuable forest productions.—*C. L. H., in Southern Home.*

Counterfeit Currency.

A counterfeit fifty-cent United currency note is at present in free circulation in Baltimore, which, though badly executed in comparison with the excellent workmanship of the genuine note, is nevertheless well enough done to deceive persons not used to handling money, or to mislead even close observers at night. The vignette of the late Secretary Stanton, which occupies the left end of the note, is a coarse engraving very badly done. The eyes and spectacles are very dim, and the portrait is very poor while the vignette of the genuine note is an admirably clear engraving and an accurate likeness. The safest way to detect the counterfeit is to compare it with a new note to be genuine. The fraud will proclaim itself. The paper of the counterfeit is inferior to the paper of the genuine, having printed imitations of the silk threads, the distinguishable feature of the Treasury paper, which has never yet been successfully counterfeited. The seal of the Treasury is also a botch, both in engraving and in color of the ink, the genuine note being in brilliant carmine, and the counterfeit a sort of salmon-brick color. The green back of the counterfeit note is better than the face, though the lathework and lettering will bear no comparison with the genuine article.—*Baltimore Sun.*

The best that a broken-hearted country editor could ask was: "Why is love like a Scotch plaid?" Because it is all stuff and often crossed.

THE INSANITY OF CAIN.

The following are the closing paragraphs of a remarkable article in *Scribner's* for May, on "The Insanity of Cain:

In judging of Cain, look at the situation. On the one hand, a terrible family mystery, no schools, no churches, no lectures, no society, no amusements, no apples! On the other hand, the whole burden of humanity borne for the first time; paternal dicipline; undue phrenological developments; monotonous employment; antediluvian monsters; antediluvian parents, and an antediluvian good brother in whose mouth butter would have remained inact for ages.

Undoubtedly that brother had an exasperating smile. He was happy because he was virtuous. He had a way of forgiving and forgetting that for a time would deprive the offender of reason itself; above all, he had a cool, collected manner of his own, added to a chronic desire to be an angel. His offerings always fulfilled the conditions. His fires needed only to be lighted, and the smoke was sure to ascend with a satisfied, confident curl far into the sky.

Cain's, on the contrary, refused to burn. We can see it all. The smoke struggling and flopped. It crept along the ground, and, clinging to his feet, wound about him like a serpent. It grew black and angry, shot sideways into eyes, blinding and strangling him—

And there stood Abel beside *his* pile, radiant, satisfied, wanting to be an angel! It was but the work of a moment. The pent-up, disorganizing influences of a lifetime found vent in one wild moment of emotional insanity. Abel was no more! Why dwell upon tragedy? The world is familiar with its sickening details. We shall not repeat them here, nor shall we question the justice of the punishment that came to Cain,—the remorse, the desolation, the sense of being a fugitive and a vagabond on the face of the earth. He had killed his brother, and the penalty must be paid. Sane or insane, a terrible retribution must have overtaken him. But how about his guilt? Would it have been the same in either case? Are hereditary organism, temperamental excitability, emotional, phrensy not to be considered? No, a thousand times NO! What "competent juror" would acquiesce in such a proposition!

Friends, the time has come when this case must be taken up. Its mighty issues can no longer be set aside. If Cain was not sane at the moment of the killing, the stain of murder must be wiped from his brow now and forever. This tardy justice may at least be done him. Our children and our children's children must be taught to speak of Cain the man-slaughterer; Cain the mentally-excitable; Cain the peculiarly-circumstanced. But Cain the murderer? Never!

A man's own testimony shall not convict or acquit him. But are we not to take into account, as indicative of his state of mind, actions and declarations coincident with the commission of the crime alleged against him? If at or about the time of the fatal deed, there was positive evidence of incoherence—what then? Witness the last recorded words of Cain:

EVERY ONE THAT FINDETH ME SHALL SLAY ME!

Is this the utterance of a sane mind? *Every* one that findeth me shall slay me? Gentlemen! Cain, at this point, was not only crazy—he was the craziest man that ever existed! No ordinary lunatic, however preposterous his terrors, expects to be killed more than once. But to this poor creature retribution suddenly assumed a hydra-headed form. His distracted brain, unconscious that Adam was the only other man in the wide world, instantly created an immense population. He saw himself falling again and again by the strokes of successive assassins, even as Able had fallen under his hand. His first dazed glimpse of death expanded and intensified into horror never since conceived by mind of man. His happiness overthrown; his reason a wreck; a prey to fears that stretched before him forever, with no possible hope of final destruction,—the only consolation is that he could not foreknow the merciless verdict of posterity. He did not recognize in himself The First Murderer. Rather than dream of such ignominy as this, was it not better that he should cry in his ravings: Every one that findeth me shall slay me!

We leave the question to the intelligence and justice of this faithful and enlightened century.

STYLE IN OLD TIMES.

The judges of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, as late as 1773, wore robes of scarlet, laced with black velvet, and in summer, black silk gowns.—Gentlemen wore coats of every variety of color generally the cape and collar of velvet, of a different color from the coat.

In 1782, Governor Hancock received his guests in a red velvet cap, within which was one fine linen, turned up over the edge of velvet one or two inches. He wore a blue damask gown, lined with silk, white satin small-clothes, white stockings, and red morocco slippers.

In 1770, General Washington arrived in New York, from Mount Vernon, to assume the duties of the Presidency.—He was dressed in a full suit of Virginia homespun. On his visit to New England, he wore the old Continental uniform, except on the Sabbath, when he appeared in black.

John Adams, when Vice-President, wore a sword, and walked about the streets with his hat under his arm.

At levees in Philadelphia, President Washington was clad in black velvet, his hair powdered and gathered behind in a silk bag, yellow gloves, knee and shoe buckles. He held in his hand a cocked hat, ornamented with a cockade, fringed about an inch deep with black feathers. A long sword in a white scabbard, with a polished steel hilt hung at his hip.—*Hearth and Home.*

Hon. Thomas S. Ashe, member of Congress from this District, has given his cadetship in the West Point Military Academy to William R. Hill, son of Gen. D. H. Hill, of Charlotte.

A Heavy Contract.

Last Fourth of July, a young man in the employ of a wholesale house in Dubuque, in conversation with his employer, was induced to enter upon a simple task, at what seemed a high salary. He was offered $500 per annum, in addition to what he was then receiving, if he would merely carry from any place on Main street to the river shore, and throw into the Mississippi the first week, one single shot, No. 6.; the second week, two shots; the third week, four shots; the fourth week, eight shots; and so on doubling the number of shot each week—the young man took the contract to find the shot.

Well, he entered upon his contract. The first month, as will be noted above, his work was easy—simply to go to the river four times, carrying with him the aggregate fifteen No. 6. shot. The fifth week, he carried 16 shot; the sixth week, 32, the seventh week, 64; the eight week, 128; the ninth week, 256; the tenth week, 512; the eleventh week, 1,024; the twelfth week, 1,048; the thirteenth week, 4,096. At this juncture, from curiosity and to save the labor of counting the shot, which was getting to be troublesome, he weighed his 4,096 shot, and found that they balanced just 1½ pounds. He had now carried and deposited something less than 3 pounds of shot. He congratulated himself that this was earning $125 very easily.

The fourteenth week he deposited—still doubling the amount—3 pounds; the fifteenth week, 6 pounds; the sixteenth week, 12 pounds; the seventeenth week, 24 pounds; the eighteenth week, 48 pounds. That brings him to date. This week, the nineteenth of his contract, he he made a little calculation in regard to the matter, as follows:

He finds that next week, the twentieth of his contract, he will have to deposit 192 pounds, the twenty-first week, 384 pounds; the twenty-second week, 768 pounds; the twenty-third week 1,536 pounds; the twenty-fourth week, 3,072 pounds, something over 1½ tons; twenty-fifth week, 3 tons; the twenty-sixth week, 6 tons; the twenty-seventh week, 12 tons; the twenty-eighth week, 24 tons; the twenty-ninth week, 48 tons; the thirtieth week, 96 tons; the thirty-first week, 192 tons; the thirty-second week, 384 tons; the thirty-third week, 768 tons; the thirty-fourth week, 1,536 tons; the thirty-fifth week, 3,072 tons; the thirty-sixth week, 6,144 tons; the thirty-seventh week, 12,228 tons; the thirty-eight week, 24,576 tons; the thirty-ninth week, 49,152 tons; the fortieth week, 98,304 tons; the forty-first week, 196,208 tons; the forty-second week, 393,216 tons; the forty-third week, 786,432 tons; the forty-fourth week, 1,572,864 tons; the forty-fifth week 3,145,782 tons; the forty-sixth week, 6,291,456 tons; the forty-seventh week, 12,582,912 tons; the forty-eighth week, 25,165,824 tons; forty-ninth week, 50,321,648 tons; the fiftieth week, 100,643,296 tons; the fifty-first week, 201,286, 592 tons; the fifty-second week, 402, 573,184 tons.

The young man has thrown up his contract.—*Dubuque Times.*

CLOTHES ON FIRE.

The following, which we copy from the *Scientific American*, should be remembered:—Three persons out of four would rush right up to the burning individual and begin to paw with their hands without any definite aim. It is useless to tell the victim to do this or that, to call for water. In fact, it is generally best not to say a word, but to seize a blanket or any woolen fabric—if none is at hand, take any woolen material—hold the corners as far apart as you can, and stretch them out higher than your head, and running boldly to the person, make a motion of clasping in the arms, mostly about the shoulders. This instantly smothers the fire and saves the face. The next instant throw the person on the floor. This is an additional safety to the face and any remnant of flame can be put out more leisurely. The next instant immerse the burnt part in cold water, and all pain will cease with the rapidity of lightning. Next get some common flour, remove from the water, and cover the burnt parts with an inch thickness of flour, if possible; put the patient to bed, and do all that is possible to sooth, until the physician arrives. Let the flour remain until it falls off itself, when a beautiful new skin can be found. Unless the burns are deep, no other applications are needed. The dry flour for burns is the most admirable remedy ever proposed, and the information ought to be imparted to all. The principle of its action is, that like the water, it causes instant and perfect relief from pain by totally excluding all the air from the injured parts.

A Cure of Meningitis.

A Michigan correspondent of the Freeport (Illinois) *Bulletin* pronounces what is known as the cerebro-spinal meningitis, now prevailing so extensively and fatally in many parts of the country, as the same epidemic which raged in Michigan about twenty-five years ago, to such an extent that it actually broke up the Legislature, and carried to the grave every one whom it attacked, until the "old-fashoned hemlock sweats" were adopted, after which every case was saved. He says:

"Our people sent about twenty-five miles and procured hemlock boughs, and they sent for it from all parts of the State. There was a company called the Hook and Ladder Company, and for weeks did nothing, night or day, but go from house to house giving hemlock sweats, and it never failed to save every case. Thorough sweating might do, but there is no mistake about hemlock sweats being a specific.

The name of the postoffice in Mecklenburg county, know as "Craighead," has been changed to "Huntsville," and J. Nick Hunter appointed postmaster.

The condemned prisoners, Mordecai Griffice, together with two others confined in the same cell, made an unsuccessful attempt to break jail on Wednesday night in Raleigh.

The *Express* says his Norfolk trip did James Brooks no good. His disease seems to baffle medical skill.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1873.

☞ Gov. Caldwell has made another call upon the Governor of Florida for the surrender of the notorious Littlefield that he may be made to stand his trial on the charges of swindling this State out of a large amount of treasure by disposing of State bonds, &c., leaving the people to groan under a largely increased State debt with consequent heavy taxation. If Littlefield could make a clear showing, he would return voluntarily, it is reasonable to suppose. As it is, this matter, it seems, cannot be investigated, the Governor of Florida declining to surrender his friend and Radical brother.

We hope the time will soon come when all the rascality, fraud and corruption practiced in high places, since the close of the war, will be fully exposed and punished. May the eyes of the people soon be opened that they may see how they have been imposed upon by designing politicians of the Radical party, and apply the remedy.

The Condition of the Wheat Crop.

The wheat crop in this section has improved considerably, but the harvest will be late, subjecting the crop to various diseases.

In the North, during the first weeks in April, the wheat was yet covered with snow. In the middle States, especially in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, there is said to be a great improvement upon the showing of last Spring. The prospect South of Maryland is less favorable than last year. In Michigan, Kentucky and Ohio reports are favorable. In Indiana, Illinois and Missouri, an improvement over last year is reported. The indications in California point to another year of great abundance. As a whole, the wheat prospect at the close of winter is more favorable than at the same time last years.

The above is gleaned from the Report issued from the Agricultural Department at Washington.

SPAIN.—The Carlist movement to restore the Spanish monarchy seems to be nearly at an end. From nearly every point the dispatches announce serious reverses to the Carlist arms, while a number of them are laying down their arms and suing for pardon.

It is reported that the Carlists intend to withdraw from Spain.

THE LENGTH OF DAYS.—The days are lengthening perceptibly, and most people have daylight enough to do all the work they aspire to. We are now getting thirteen hours, good measure, between sunrise and sunset. We cannot compare in this line with some of the European countries, however. *At Hamburg the longest day has seventeen hours and the shortest* seven. At Stockholm, the longest has eighteen and a half hours, and the shortest five and a half. At St. Petersburg, the longest has nineteen and the shortest five hours. At Finland, the longest has twenty-one and one-half, and the shortest two and one-half hours. At Wondorbus, in Norway, the day lasts from the 21st of May to the 2nd of July, the sun not getting below the horizon for the whole time, but skimming along very close to it in the north. At Spitzbergen, the longest day lasts three months and a half.—*Wilmington Journal.*

SCRIBNER.—"The Insanity of Cain" is the suggestive title of the most remarkable article in the May number of "Scribner's" and one which is destined to attract wide attention, an extract of which appears on our first page. In the way of "pictorial" papers, there is a weird little poem by Miss Maria R. Oakley, with decoration by the author; Mr. Rhodes' article on Gavarni, the John Aeech of France, illustrated by some of the best engravings that have lately been made in America, Stanley's paper on "Four Great African Travelers," with a number of lively illustrations, and "Cuba and the Cubans," giving us, by means of picture, a good idea of the situation in that unfortunate island. We give a specimen of the poets of the number in the last page entitled "Willow Whistles." Scribner is one of the best monthlies on our table. $4 a year. Scribner & Co., 654 Broadway, New York.

The ECLECTIC for the current month comes to us full of excellent articles, scarcely any of which is not above the average. Among the fifteen papers it is hard to discriminate. The following are among the best: "The Works of Thackery," "Lord Lytton," "Antarctic Regions," "Nature and Authority of Miracles," &c., &c. A fine portrait of Oliver Wendell Holmes graces this number. Published by E. R. Pelton, 108 Fulton Street, New York. Terms, $5 a year; two copies, $9. Single number, 45 cents.

A NEW INVENTION.—Mr. C. J. Peterson of Brevard's Station, has invented a machine for upsetting wagon tires, which is so simple and useful as to at once commend itself to all blacksmiths and woodworkmen. Mr. Peterson claims that with it he can set a tire to a wheel in fifteen minutes. He is endeavoring to give it a start now, feeling assured that if its merits are only known it will have a rapid sale. All who have an opportunity should examine it.—*Charlotte Observer.*

MENINGITIS.—We understand this terrible disease is raging in the neighborhood of Rowan Mills. Several deaths have occurred.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

[We publish on first page what is said to be a cure for that disease]

A white frost has destroyed the vines in the vicinity of Lyons France, a disaster similar to that of 1827.

IMPORTANT COTTON SUIT.

The claim of Mrs. Hambleton, of Georgia, against the Government, for the value of twenty-one hundred and forty-three bales of cotton, taken from her mother by agents purporting to represent the Government in 1865, is now being argued in Washington City, before Commissioner Banfield.

This is an important case, as its decision will settle hundreds of others of a similar character. Claims involving over twenty millions of dollars have been preferred by persons in the South, whose property was taken by so called Government agents soon after the close of the war.

Judge Cochrane, in the course of his argument in favor of Mrs Hambleton, denounced these agents as a set of plunderers and thieves.—*Raleigh News.*

THE MODOC WAR.

LAVA BEDS, April 23.

On Sunday a parked train, with 21 men, was attacked by the Indians. An escort from Col. Mason's camp to protect the train, was attacked at the head of Long Cave. The men sheltered themselves behind rocks. One killed and one wounded. The train was fired into upon entering the Lava Beds, and again when it returned. The Modocs crept within 80 rods and fired at the pickets, and sent a volly through the camp. Major Thomas sent a shell among them when they dispersed. There were only 11 Indians in the attacking party. The Warm Spring Indians will start to hunt the Modocs, but they are scattered in small parties. The roads are not safe. The Yreka country is in great foment.

Latest News.

MORE INDIAN WAR.—Fighting is reported between the Americans and Black feet Indians. A large number of Americans were killed.

BATTLE WITH THE MODOCS.—San Francisco dates of April 29, report a battle with the Modocs in which nineteen Federal soldiers were killed, including Capt. Thomas and Lieuts. Howe and Wright and 23 wounded, including Lieut. Harris, whilst others are missing.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—The Indians appeared on Lewis river settlements with war paint. A general outbreak in eastern Oregon is feared. The settlers ask for arms.

DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND.—For the information of those in charge of the afflicted classes throughout the State, it may be stated that all that is necessary, under the law, to obtain admission of pupils to the State Institution is to write to the Superintendent, John Nichols, Esq., at Raleigh, who will furnish a printed blank form giving all needful directions. The form is so simple as to be readily understood.

This statement is made in consequence of a fact which reached our ears yesterday. A poor man who had an afflicted son of one of these classes, dreading the mazes of red-tapism, applied to a neighboring lawyer to obtain the admission of his child. The lawyer wrote for the blank, filled it up, handed it to the "client" *and charged him ten dollars*—a fortune in this poor man's eyes.—*Ral. Sentinel.*

Prof. Baird, United States Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, has just dispatched Seth Green and four attendants to Augusta Georgia, for the purpose of there commencing the work of shad hatching, with a view of restoring the Southern and Western waters. After the season closes at Augusta, Mr. Green will proceed Northward and continue his labors successfully at Newbern, Weldon, Fredericksburg, Washington and other localities. A portion of the fish hatched out will be placed in the river at each particular station, and others will be transmitted by rail to adjacent waters, both on the Atlantic coast and in the Mississippi valley.

The Raleigh *Sentinel* says: The friends of education in North Carolina have been invited by the State Board of Education to meet in convention in this city on July 9th next, for the purpose of considering and recommending such measures as they may deem advisable for the promotion of education. Competent persons will be invited to deliver suitable addresses on the occasion.

The Henderson *Tribune* says that Mr. R. Capeheart, living near Kittrell Springs, made last year 500 gallons of wine, and sold 14,000 lbs. grapes. Mr. Hunt, also, during last year, shipped 30,000 lbs. grapes, and made 2,000 gallons of wine. Each of those gentlemen expect to do a larger business still the present year.

The New York *World* estimates that there are 125,000 women in that city earning their living in other than domestic employments. Of these 15,000 are milliners, 12,000 artificial makers, 20,000 in the hoop-skirt manufactories, 12,000 in the hatting trade, 9,000 tailoresses, while several thousand work in book binderies, and large numbers are employed making parasols and umbrellas, and in other minor trade.

DESTROYING CATERPILLARS.—An excellent remedy, which has been used on a large scale in Southern France, consists in a dilute solution of sulphide of potassium, at the rate of about one part in five hundred. The infested plants are to be sprinkled with the decoction by means of a garden syringe, and it is said that vegetation is not in the least injured by its application.

It is stated that capitalists from the North and Canada have invested $500,000 during the past year in Chatam county minerals and water power.—*News.*

One hundred KnKlux cases were called at the Federal Court at Statesville the past week and discharged upon payment of costs.

The Mrs. Wharton case has been settled by the prosecuting Attorney with consent of the Attorney General. Mrs. Wharton was arraigned for an alleged attempt to murder Eugene Van Ness. Thus ends the trial.

Col. Robert J. Brockinbridge, of Kentucky, has removed to New York city, where he will continue the practice of the profession of the law. The firm is Breckinbridge and Dunphy.

Thieves are getting so bold in Wilmington that they make raids upon the trunks on omnibuses of the hotels going to the depot.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—The horse disease is paralyizing business.

An Important Railroad Case.

[Special telegram to the Richmond Dispatch.]

RALEIGH, April 23.—The injunction against the Richmond and Danville railroad, to restrain the company from altering the guage of the North Carolina road between Greensboro' and Charlotte, was continued by Judge Albertson until a hearing, but upon condition that the State give bond for $50,000, with good security, to indemnify said company for damages that might be sustained on or before the 1st of May. If not given by that time the injunction is to be dissolved. Both parties have given notice of appeal to the Supreme Court.

The case decided was a suit to obtain perpetual injunction against the widening of the guage of the North Carolina railroad between Greensboro' and Charlotte from four feet eight inches and a half to five feet. An order of injunction was granted by Judge Watts, on the 9th instant. Lately the case came before Judge Albertson on motion of defendant to dissolve Judge Watt's order on the ground:

1. That the State of North Carolina is improperly made party plaintiff.

2. That the North Carolina railroad had full power to alter the guage, and in express terms gave that power to the lessees—the Richmond and Danville railroad.

3. That it is to the interest of the State that it should be done.

The grounds of the plaintiff are that the lease is *ultra vires*, that is, that it was beyond the power of the North Carolina road to make the lease; but that if the North Carolina road had the right to make the lease, the lessees had no power to change the guage of the road.

Argued for the plaintiff by T. L. Hardgrove (attorney general), W. N. H. Smith, and J. B. Batchelor, and for the defendants by Merrimon, Badger, Judge Marshall of Virginia, and Strong.

The plaintiff contended that the change of guage, if allowed, would subvert the whole railroad policy of the State, would separate Eastern and Western North Carolina, would make North Carolina merely a tributary artery for the benefit of other States, and would do incalculable and irrepairable wrong and mischief to the whole State.

The defendants claimed that the State having granted general power to the North Carolina railroad to construct a road between Charlotte and Goldsboro' without restriction as to the guage, any act passed in conflict therewith would be unconstitutional, and therefore void, and the courts, where no act has been passed directly affecting the guage of this road, will not force a construction to that effect by implication; that it would benefit the State by building up a through trade between the south and south-western States and the markets of the North; that all of the 150 miles of the road and the country adjacent will be directly benefited and developed; and that the increased receipts from this source will enable the Richmond and Danville road to greatly diminish its charges for freight and passenger fare on the whole line of the road; that no portion of North Carolina will be injured, as the proper connection of the western part of the State is over this line, on account of its shortness; that the other portions of State already have communication with the North by other lines; and that this was a fight between two connecting lines of roads and not one in which the people of the State should be made parties.

THE PIEDMONT RAILROAD.

Proceedings in the Federal Courts to be discontinued.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Legal proceedings have for some time been pending in the courts against the Piedmont railroad, in Virginia, on a mortgage. Application was made to the Attorney-General to seize the road under the act of 1864 on the ground that it was confiscated to this Government, having been constructed and used in the interests of the rebellion.

The Attorney-General has just decided that the President's proclamation of pardon of 1868 operated so as to restore to the corporators or stockholders all their righs, and therefore the right of the Government to seize the road is barred. The District Attorney has been directed to discontinue proceedings and to foreclose the mortgage given to the Confederate Government on the ground that the contract is a nullity.

All proceedings against the road will be dropped. The interests at issue were about $1,500,000.

A most singular banquet has just taken place in Paris. A. M. Decroire invited several of his friends and a small company of scientific men to dine upon the flesh of horses who had died from the glanders; of cows, the victims of the rinderpest, and of an ass just killed for hydrophobia. It was a "test banquet;" one that proved the devotion of each man there to science, in that he was willing to risk his life to demonstrate, in the most practical manner, that the flesh of animals is not effected as human food by even the worst diseases. The fire purifies it and purges away all infection. The director of the Paris Zoological Gardens is said to corroborate this theory from personal experiments on the condemned meat sent to feed the animals. So with this question finally settled by M. Decroire and his friends, and with the approaching "Diet Congress,' that gay capital will have an opportunity, at some future day, to erect statues to its dietary benefactors.

Tom John, one of the last of the Catawba tribe of Indians went to Charlotte and was photographed by the *Observer*. The Catawbas live on the river of the same name, in York and Lancaster counties, South Carolina, are sixty or seventy strong; have John Scott for their chief sachem; cultivate the soil, but subsist principally on fish; speak English fluently, but among themselves employ their tongue only; and a few entertain the Christian faith, the great majority clinging to the worship of the Great Spirit in their own way.

The recent session of Congress at which the Republican majority increased Grant's salary from $25,000 to $50,000 a year, (and he approved it, to make it a law,) also gave him $35,000 to buy new furniture; $5,000 to buy coal; and $6,000 for his glass flower garden. Besides this, it is only a little while since between $25,000 and $30,000 were cribbed from the Treasury building appropriation to build him a billiard-room and stable. Instead of getting $60,000 a year, he actually receives over $100,000. Pretty well, this, for a plain Republican President.

Geo. Graham colored is to be hanged at Wilkesboro on the 23rd prox., for the murder of Margret Seamon.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE TERRIBLE SNOW-STORM IN NEBRASKA—MEN FROZEN—CATTLE PERISHING, &c.—ST. LOUIS, April 22.—The *Democrat* prints a special dispatch from Lincoln, Nebraska, dated April 21, which says that reports of the late storm in Nebraska show it to have been the most severe ever known there. Men were frozen to death within two rods of their houses while trying to get to their stock to feed them. Near Grafton, a man named Keeler attempted to reach a neighbor, scarcely a half a mile away, accompained by his wife and child, and the two latter were frozen to death. Mr. Marshall, of Hastings, perished while trying to reach his stock from his house. The wife and child of Mr. Bebt, living near Red Cloud, were frozen while attempting to reach a neighbor's after the house had been rendered uninhabitable. Their bodies were found on Friday ten rods from the house. Families were compelled to take refuge in cellars or keep their beds for three days. Houses were blown down or filled with snow. The destruction of cattle and horses was great. Some farmers lost all they had. One party lost a whole herd of seventy-five head. The gullies on the railways were filled with snow as hard as ice, and snow-ploughs were useless.

The rioting in Frankfort, Kentucky, on the 25th was caused by an advance in the price of beer. Disorderly demonstrations lasted until midnight, and troops were pelted with stones. Several times during the evening sixteen breweries were wrecked by the rioters, and there was much plundering during the conflict which took place. Twelve persons were killed and forty wounded. One hundred and twenty of the rioters were arrested.

Chaplain Dailing, Chief of the Surveying party here, charges that the Osages and Cheyennes who murdered his men were fifteen miles outside their reservation. The surveyors have been withdrawn from the Indian country until they can secure Government protection. The Indians are driving away stock and killing settlers in southwestern Kansas.

Commodore Vanderbuilt and A. T. Ssewart each lack but two years of four score. George Law is more than three score and ten, but he attends faithfully to his immense interests, including Dry Dock Bank and the Eighth Avenue Railway. Moses Taylor is 75, and is reported to be worth $10,000,000.

The manufacturing city of Joachinsthal, in the mountains of Bohemia, was destroyed by fire on the 31st of March. Out of 586 houses in the city 450 were completely burned, and 5,000 persons were rendered houseless.

The amount of wheat in store at Winona, Minn., on the opening of navigation, was 474,000 bushels. Of this amount 30,100 bushels was winter wheat. There is probably 13,000 bushels of barley there.

The purchasing Committee of the board of Indian Commissioners have contracted for 1503 dozen butcher knives, among other articles, to be furnished the Indians.

[illegible] bushels of oysters were spo[illegible] during the recent hea[illegible]and, for the reason th[illegible]ster boats were ice-[illegible]n the Bay.

[illegible]reat flourish about [illegible] believe to be right, [illegible]believe that is right [illegible]nterest.

[illegible]New York city has [illegible]w as a nuisance in- [illegible] the violators of it. It [illegible]that the law be abol- [illegible]plies to the city.

S[illegible]e horses belonging to Th[illegible]were starved to death—the owner was away sick. The horses had eaten the boards and everything in the stable where they were locked up.

NEW YORK, April 24.—A woman crazy from religion and sickness strangled two of her children and roasted them on a stove. The details are horrible.

The town council of Danville Va., has determined to pave all the principal streets of the town.

A steam sassafras oil factory is in free operation at Burkville Va., with a capacity of about sixty pounds of pure oil per day.

At Alexandria, Va., on Monday, 300,000 herrings and 18,000 shad, besides a large quantity of rock and perch, were received as the proceeds of one day's catch.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20.—Lieut. Dennison, of the steamer Seminac, committed suicide. He was a son of ex-Postmaster General Dennison.

Wm. Schwartz, of Hillsboro, O., has just drawn $239 from the Government for the capture of Jeff Davis.

It is reported that 12 men were killed by the Indians at Medicine Lodge Creek, near the south line of Kansas.

Where are the Modocs? is still the conundrum. There has been no fight.

Two children on Staten Island are dead from eating wild parsnips.

A Card.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America, as missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Disease of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the receipt for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Address
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

To the Suffering.

The Rev. William H. Norton, while residing in Brazil as a Missionary, discovered in that land of medicines a remedy for CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, SORE THROAT, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, and NERVOUS WEAKNESS. This remedy has cured myself after all other remedies had failed.

Wishing to benefit the suffering, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this remedy to all who desire it FREE OF CHARGE.

Please send an envelope with your name and address on it. Address
Rev. WILLIAM H. NORTON,
678 BROADWAY,
New York City

STATE ITEMS.

ITEMS FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

We find the following in the Raleigh *Sentinel*: "Few persons who travel the great road from Hillsboro to Roxboro are aware of the fact that they are indebted to Lord Cornwallis for opening the road in 1781.

"We have not been able to learn where Cornwallis camped after leaving Paine's Old Ordinary, in Person. The march to Hillsboro was rather long, and we take it there was a camp between the two points. We knew two old ladies who saw Cornwallis when he occupied Hillsboro.—Mrs. Anderson, the widow of the late Thomas Anderson, says her mother often told her that a British soldier broke into the spring-house where Thomas McCracken now lives, six miles west of Hillsboro and stole one pound of butter. For this, the poor fellow was so severely whipped that he died in a few days. This was discipline over much. No invader was more prompt to punish lawlessness than Cornwallis. He set an example which, if followed by our late Federal invaders, would have mitigated the horrors of war, and saved many valuable lives, to say nothing of valuable property.

Henry Clapp, over 70 years of age, died recently. He had been badly beaten by Peter and Alson Stapley. He was confined for a week or two when he began to go about. The Greensboro *Patriot* says:

"On Sunday, the 13th, he was seen in the woods near his house, about an hour by sun, since which time he was not again seen. [illegible] search was made for him by them, but without success. On Monday night the neighbors turned out in force and scoured the woods. He had a little cur dog which always accompanied him, and on seeing the torches in the woods, he began to bark. This bark was known and upon going up to him, the old man was found dead in the woods within four hundred yards of home. The dog had remained by his side all the while. The body was carried to the house of his son Isaac and the coroner sent for."

A *post mortem* examination was made, and three ribs were found broken and two fractured, and both lobes of the lungs were found in a state of congestion. The Stapley's are still at large.

IMPORTANT CASE DECIDED.—We learn that the case of James F. Johnson, Assignee of G. F. C. Corl, a bankrupt *vs.* Reuben Holmes and M. Barnhardt, was tried in the United States Circuit Court at Greensboro, on Saturday of term. This case was an action for trover, and involved the question of fraud on the Bankrupt Law—the bankrupt being insolvent at the time of the sale of his stock of goods and the defendants (the purchasers) having reasonable cause to believe him insolvent. Messrs. Jones & Johnston of this city appeared for the plaintiff, and Messrs. J. M. McCorkle of Salisbury, and Thos. C. Fuller, of Fayetteville, for the defendants. The jury found all issues in favor of plaintiff and assessed his damage at $3,500. It is probably the first case of the kind tried in this State since the passage of the Bankrupt Law.—*Char. Observer.*

ANOTHER IMPORTANT DECISION.—The State Treasurer has decided that the State revenue law taxes all purchasers of liquors, in or out of the State, 5 per cent.

The following is the language of the section imposing said tax: "Every dealer in spirituous liquors, vinous liquors, porter, lager beer or other malt liquors shall pay a tax of five percentum on the [illegible] all purchases; and every agent [illegible] liquors for sale shall pay the tax on [illegible] value of all liquors of every description sold by him.—*Ral. News.*

ENG AND CHANG.—The Surry *Visitor* says: "On last Saturday the Siamese twins (Eng and Chang Bunker,) who reside three miles from Mt. Airy, started to town in a buggy, with little Lizzie, the daughter of Chang, driving. Before they had proceeded far, the horse ran away, and Lizzie, becoming frightened, jumped from the vehicle, breaking her left hand in two places, while the horse sped on and overturned the buggy, throwing the Twins out and injuring them severely.

ANOTHER DEATH.—The Asheville *Expositor* learns that Mr. Elisha Dover was killed near his home on the head waters of South Turkey Creek, in Buncombe county, last week. He was out cutting wood and when found his body was under a large log, his ribs broken and other bruises about his body. Life was extinct. He had been clearing a piece of new ground. Mr. Dover was about 65 or 70 years of age.

North Carolina, during the war, including home guards and reserves furnished 121,827 troops in her own regiments, besides this, there were five North Carolina companies in the 10th Virginia Cavalry; seven in the 7th Confederate Calvary; one in the 61 Virginia Infantry making in all fourteen companies, recruited in this State, serving outside of North Carolina regiments.

BURNT.—The Asheville *Expositor* says "A child of Mr. Albertus Roberts was burnt to death on Bald Creek, Yancey county, last week. The child crawled into a large pile of straw and dropped some fire in it. The saddest part of all was the fact that the mother stood by, and was unable to rescue her child."

The Salisbury *Watchman* says that on last Friday, near Gold Hill, in Rowan county, an Irish peddlar was waylaid and shot. Three buckshot entered his head, and his recovery is beyond hope. A man by the name of Crawford Holshouser has been arrested, charged with the crime.

SUDDEN DEATH.—The people of Asheville were much shocked on Satueday last, by the sudden death of S. K. Stansill, Esq., of that place. Mr. Stansill had been walking about only a few minutes before his death. The physicians pronounce it a case of heart disease.

The Wilmington *Star* reports large fires among the turpentine trees in New Hanover and Sampson doing considerable damage. In one township in New Hanover the damage is estimated at $20,000. In Columbus it is thought that one-third of the turpentine trees have been destroyed.

A company of Baltimore capitalists have recently purchased the Ore Knob copper mine, on the line between Ashe and Alleghany counties, and have already gone to work with great energy. Thirty-five hands are now employed, and it is proposed to increase the force to 200.

The Milton *Chronicle* tells of a Mr. Jesse Walker, aged 89 years, residing in Person county, who recently killed in five shots 5 wild turkeys, 6 partridges, and 3 squirrels. He killed three of the turkeys at one shot.

ASHE COUNTY.—Stagg's Creek church was burned on Saturday of last week.

A very serious stabbing affray occurred last week at Grassey Creek, betwen Stephen Pew and Aquila Draughn. The latter received three severe stabs.

The Milton *Chronicle* says that orders have been received in that place for several million of pounds of tobacco, and the greenbacks are there to pay for them.—*News.*

The law prohibiting the sale of liquor in Asheville has been so amended that it is now made unlawful for a druggist to sell liquor on even a physician's certificate.

The Bible from which the Easter lessons at Christ Church, New Berne, were read, was sent to this country in 1717, by the then reigning monarch of England.

Gen. Dockery met with a serious accident last week. A bank caved and he was precipitated into the rocky bottom of a creek, sustaining severe injuries.

The contract for the printing of Judge Battle's digest of the public laws has been awarded to Messrs. Edwards & Broughton. Their bid was $7,450.

Gen. Clingman delivered a lecture in Asheville on Tuesday evening last on "Science and Christianity."

Mike Roach, a Federal soldier, was run over by the cars at Charlotte on Friday night last and horribly mutilated.

The Educational Convention appointed by the Baptists to be held at [illegible] has about fifty persons [illegible] gion at a revival now in progress at the Methodist Church in Goldsboro.

Judge Dick is now holding the U. S. Court at Statesville.

Jas. B. Underwood of Fayetteville, has invented a plowing and weeding machine.

THE MARKETS.

Corrected by R. A. Wommack & Co., Dealer in General Merchandise.

Corn,	70	a	Salt Liverpool	2	30
Wheat,	1 65	a 1.70	" American,	2	25
Meal,	2	a 2½	Candles ada,	20	a 25
Chop,	1½	a 2	Oils, Linseed,	1.00	a1 25
Bacon,	12	a 15	" Kerosene,	50	a 60
Pork,	7 00	a 8.00	Sheetings, Fries' A.	13	
Lard,	11	a 12	" " B	12	
Eggs,	10	a 00	Yarn, Fries, per bun	1.60	
Molasses,	28	a 40	Iron,	6	a 8
Cheese Fac.	18	a 25	Nails,	7	a 8
" Mount.	15	a 00	Hides, green,	7, Dry	15
Butter,	25	a 00	Tallow,	10	a 12
Peas,	75	a 80	Beeswax,	28	a 30
Apples, green,	75	a 1.00	Clover Seed,		
" dried,	3	a 6	Home grown,	8.50	a 9.00
Potatoes, sw.	75	a 00	Barrels Flour, Fruit	50	
" irish,	75	a 00	Brick,	6.00	a 10.00
Coffee,	25	a 30	Shingles,		
Sugar,	15	a 15	Long leaf pine,	4.50	a 5.25
" crushed	15	a 18	Hay, per cwt.	50	a 60
Rags,	3	a 4			

WINSTON TOBACCO MARKET.

REPORTED BY WINSTON TOBACCO ASSOCIATION.

NEW TOBACCO.

PRIMINGS—Common to good, none coming in.

LUGS—Common,	4 75 to 5 25
" Medium,	5 50 to 6 00
LEAF—Common,	6 50 to 7 75
" Medium,	8 00 to 9 25
BRIGHT SMOKERS—Common,	5 75 to 7 25
" " Fancy,	8 00 to 15 00
WRAPPERS—Common.	8 50 to 10 50
" Good to Fine,	12 00 to 18 00
" Fancy,	20 00 to 40 00

Owing to the busy season with the farmers receipts continue light. All grades in good keeping order, eagerly sought after by manufacturers and shippers at prices fully up to quotations.

OLD TOBACCO.

LUGS—Medium,	[illegible]
" Good,	10 00 to 12 00
" Common Bright,	8 00 to 10 00
" Fancy Smokers,	12 00 to 18 00
LEAF—Common Red,	7 00 to 10 00
" Good,	12 00 to 15 00
" Common Bright,	15 00 to 20 00
" Good Bright,	20 00 to 40 00
" Fancy Wrappers,	50 00 to 60 00

And some extra lots higher.

New York, April 28.—Cotton, 19¼ a 20 Flour, $6 00 to $6 60; Corn, 60 a 65 Wheat, 1 65 a 0 00; Gold, 00 a 118¾; Bonds N. C. old, 00 a 00, new 00 a 00.

Baltimore, April 29.—Cotton 18¼ a 18¾ Flour 5 00a 6 00; Wheat, $1 75 a $1 90; Corn white, 70 a 75, yellow, 66 a 67; Oats, 50 a 54; Bacon, 7¾ a 10; Whisky, 91 a 00; Lard 8a 8¾

Richmond, April 28.—Wheat, $1 82 a 1 90 Corn 73 a 00; Oats 53 a 00; Flour, superfine 8 25 a 8 50.

Charlotte. April. 29.—Bacon 11 a 11½ Flour, 4 50 a 4 75; Corn, 65 a 70; Oats, 45 a 50 Wheat, $ 1 40 a $1 50; Whisky, $1 35 a 1 40 Peas, 90 a 1 00; Lard, 11 a 12.

Fayetteville, April 26.—Bacon 8¼ to 12½ Flour, $6 75 a $7 75 Corn 95 a $100 Oats, 75 80; Rye, $1 25; Wheat, $1 50; Lard, 12 a 15 Whisky, $225; a $275; Brandy, $200. Salt, $1 85 a $2 00

Petersburg, April 28.—Flour, 7 50 a 8 25 Wheat, red $1 90 a $2 00, white, $0 00 a $2 00; Corn, 70 a 72; Bacon, hog round, 12a 12½ Whisky, $0 00 Apple Brandy $2 00.

[Louisville Courier-Journal Editorial, April 7th.]

Postponement of the Public Library Gift Concert.

It will be seen by the announcement in our advertisting columns that the third gift Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky, which was to have taken place to-day, has been postponed until July 8. This postponement has not been occasioned, as we are advised by Gov. Bramlette, by the small sales of tickets; on the contrary, the sales have been unusually large—much larger than at either of the preceding concerts—so large, indeed, that the time given by this ninety-day postponement will enable Gov. Bramlette to dispose of every ticket and insure a full drawing, without any reduction or scaling of the gifts, as has heretofore been the case. Gov. B sees his way so clearly that he announces in the most positive and unequivocal language that the drawing will take place July 8, and that it will be a full one. The owner of the ticket drawing the capital gift will get $100,000 in greenbacks without any discount, and so of all other gifts. The money sufficient to pay all the gifts—$500,000 in greenbacks—is already on deposit in the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank, set apart for the payment of the gifts and can be used for no other purpose, as will be seen by the cashier's certificate. With a knowledge of these facts, and we do not hesitate to guarantee their scrupulous fulfillment—there will be such a demand for the tickets now on hand that in all probability not a single one will be left for sale weeks before the time of drawing. There never was a fairer or more honorably-conducted enterprise before the public, and it has, as it deserves, the entire confidence of our people. It is one of those schemes in which the purchasers of tickets feel the most positive assurance that the drawing will be fair, for it will be controlled by the most prominent and distinguished citizens of the city and State, and those who draw gifts will be certain to get the money the moment their tickets are presented.

FAIRBANK'S SCALES

FOR SALE.

ENQUIRE AT THIS OFFICE.

LOCAL ITEMS.

AMUSEMENTS.—Gus Rich, the Wizard of the Blue Ridge, gave one of his recherche entertainments on Friday evening last in Butner's Hall. The audience was large and seemed well pleased with the many amusing feats in Natural Magic. The Wizard displays his sleight of hand to advantage, and never fails to amuse.

The comic delineations were well and faithfully given. Altogether it was a pleasant evening and it was much regretted that illness on the part of the Wizard prevented a repetition of the exhibition on Saturday night.

The Salem Brass Band enlivened the evening with Music.

On Saturday, at 2½ o'clock, the young ladies of the Academy attended the matinee, and were highly delighted with the performances.

THE COLD SNAP.—On Friday and Saturday mornings last, the weather was very cold and frosty, for the season, destroying vegetables in the gardens, and we fear the prospect for the fruit crop has been materially affected. In low places the destruction seems to have been general, but on ridges, we are pleased to learn, the damage has not been so great, in some sections, apparently not much injured.

The frost extended [illegible] of heavy frost, fruit [illegible] and wheat injured. Heavy frost in Columbia and Charleston, S. C. No frost so late there in fifty years. Much cotton will have to be replanted.

Vote on the School Tax in Forsyth County.

We are indebted to Mr. C. S. Hauser for the following election returns:

TOWNSHIPS.	For School Tax.	Against School Tax.
Below's Creek,	9	46
Salem Chapel,	21	22
Bethania,	5	35
Old Richmond,	3	48
Kernersville,	48	30
Middle Fork,	18	12
Old Town,	23	35
Vienna,	2	46
Abbott's Creek,	23	34
Broadbay,	81	66
South Fork,	9	29
Lewisville,	13	23
Winston,	40	30
	245	456

We are informed that on Thursday last, (24th ult.,) while a number of the members of New Friendship Baptist Church, in this county, were engaged in covering the South side of the building, the scaffolding gave way, precipitating several persons to the ground, but fortunately escaping with bruises of a not very serious nature.

OLIVER OPTIC is full of [illegible] interesting articles, all of [illegible] the tastes of the young readers and [illegible] taining much to interest and instruct [illegible] heads. It is a splendid periodical and deserves the large circulation which it enjoys.

JONESVILLE, in Yadkin county, is a pleasant little village among the hills of the Yadkin River, near the Surry line, with a small trade at present.

On the opposite side of the river is Elkin in Surry county, pleasantly situated at the junction of Elkin Creek with the Yadkin River, and enjoys quite a respectable mountain trade.

The Elkin Cotton Mills are well known, running some 800 spindles, turning out some forty bunches of cotton per day; and the weaving department some 500 yards of cloth daily.

The bridge across the Yadkin at this point is a good, substantial structure, with a span of 215 feet, and granite abutments; full length of bridge about 225 feet.

The surrounding section of country is susceptible of improvement, and could, with a little more energy and enterprise, be made a flourishing agricultural region.

MEMORIAL DAY.—The 10th of this month has been appointed by the ladies in many sections of the South as the most suitable time for decorating the graves of the "heroes of the lost cause."

[illegible]ING SCRAPE.—We learn from the Da[illegible]ry *Reporter*, that, at the recent tax li[illegible]g in Peter's Creek Township, Lee [illegible]ison and Caleb Mabe indulged in a little [illegible]ght, when Nelson cut Mabe severely on the neck.

SIGNAL STATION ON BLACK MOUNTAIN.—The contemplated establishment of a signal station on Black Mountain, in Buncombe county, it seems has not been abandoned, and work is to be commenced thereon to-day.

The May number of HARPER'S MAGAZINE closes the Forty-sixth Volume. A glance at the Index of this volume—six monthly numbers—shows that it contains four hundred engravings, and limitless variety of reading matter.

In the leading article of the May number, Mr. LYMAN ABBOTT gives a very entertaining description of the various forms of "Life under the Ocean Wave," both vegetable and animal, with thirty accurate and beautiful engravings. This article fitly follows and supplements Mr. Nordhoff's article on the Ocean in the April number. The other articles are all in good taste and deeply interesting. $4 a year. Harper & Brothers, Franklin Square, New York.

Town Election.

Rotation in office is a good maxim, and we would therefore propose the following ticket at our next municipal election to be held May 5, 1873:

For Mayor—E. L. Patterson.

For Commissioners—J. G. Sides, J. D. Siewers, E. T. Ackerman, J. H. Stockton, Christian Fogle, C. T. Pfohl, J. W. Fries.

For Mayor—Jno. W. Fries.

For Commissioners—T. F. Koehln, E. T. Blum, C. Ebert, H. W. Fries, J. L. Belo, Christian Fogle, J. L. Fulkerson.

For Mayor—A. Fogle.

For Commissioners—J. D. Siewers, T. F. Koehln, E. T. Blum, R. L. Patterson, H. W. Fries, E. T. Ackerman, Christian Fogle.

For Mayor—J. P. Vest.

For Commissioners—J. G. Sides, Christian Fogle, E. T. Ackerman, Lee Hendricks, Dr. N. S. Siewers, S. E. Butner, A. C. Vogler.

Kernersville Items.

Nothing of interest has occurred in our little village since writing last. The weather has been fine so that most farmers are about done planting corn and the recent rain will hasten its sprouting. The fruit crop looks favorable, notwithstanding we had a severe frost last Saturday morning which nipped beans and potato tops.

Eggs, butter, corn, and flour have a [illegible] corn, 80c: flour, $4.25 and

The good order of our town, we fear, will not be retainable by the introduction of so many classes of persons who are necessarily connected with the Railroad, trains which now arrive and depart daily. Our town officer came very near getting something to do, as a quarrel originated at the depot, out of the scatterings of guano, as to who should possess the sweepings; but before the officer arrived the guilty departed. We think those inebriates who have been blaspheming about the Depot and walking our streets should be dealt with by our town authorities, also for lying drunk in the Church and the Free School house. Cannot a law be made to take up such persons and confine them until sobered down. What account is an incorporation unless the officers of the town will make laws and enforce them? This way of pretending to do and not doing, should not be encouraged.

Our town election will soon come off. Let us have men who will lay off and repair streets, look after the interest of each citizen, banish intemperance from our village as much as possible, give aid and comfort to all good citizens who wish to come among us, encourage the industries, &c., &c.

We had a little alarm at the Depot. The Agent discovered that as the engine stood under the eaves of the house, the wood in the tender was on fire, 10 o'clock at night, Thursday. The flames were increasing when the alarm was heard by the conductor and engineer, who arrived and soon extinguished the fire, no damage done. The wood probably ignited from a spark while running up from Greensboro.

Work on the road has stopped for a few weeks as no iron can be transported now, and the old engine (construction train) under repairs at Company's Shops. Mr. Hicks is now running the passenger train and Mr. West has returned to the Shops. [illegible] has iron laid some 3 miles from [illegible] The hands are completing the road as far as the iron is laid. Mr. W. H. Leak opens his Tobacco house to-day. He has an excellent house for the manufacture of Tobacco, and is well prepared for the business. He is now in the market for the weed.

There was a large turnout last Saturday to the closing exercises of Mr. Crews' school exhibition. Indisposition kept your correspondent from attending, but learn that all the scholars did credit to themselves and honor to the occasion. Mr. Fuel Linville and Mr. White made appropriate remarks. Impressions received on such occasions may inspire some one to do great good in public affairs generally, would that more such days could be enjoyed. What can be brought to bear upon parents to arouse them from their lethargy. Let politics be banished from the cause of Free Schools and give no one power who will not labor for the good of education. Let us act now. Draw a line and make all come up to it. Employ none but good teachers, don't think any one can teach a child,—what a mistake.

Our village has been noted for its health yet we have n few families who still retain the Ague, the measles have also appeared among some of the little folks.

Many cords of hickory timber are now at the Depot for shipment. PHI.

MARRIED,

In Lynchburg, Va., on Tuesday morning, April 22nd, by the Rev. W. T. Hall, Mr. JULIUS A. BONITZ, editor of the Goldsboro' *Messenger*, to Miss DELIA A. BERNDT, daughter of Adam Berndt, Esq., of Lynchburg, V:.

DIED,

In this place, on Tuesday morning, April 29th, Mrs. CATHARINE SHAFFNER, nee Rank, aged 92 years and 7 months.

In Walkertown, Forsyth county, on the 16th April, JOSEPHINE BLACKBURN DICKS, the interesting little daughter of Dr. Wm. P. and Susan M. Dicks, aged 3 years 11 months, and 12 days.

Lamb like in appearance, angel like in disposition, with a sweet little tongue to attract the notice, even of strangers, she won the admiration of all who saw her, and but few children die so young that can be remembered by so many as little Josie. She was a lovely child, too fair for earth, so our Heavenly Father has taken her from a thorny desert and transplanted her in heaven to bloom in immortal youth and beauty. It was a bitter trial for parents and friends to give her up, but God knew best. We cannot see now the smiling face of God in this dispensation but we shall see it hereafter, and be enabled to praise him.

In Yadkin county, N. C., on the 17th April, at the former residence of her late son-in-law, the Hon. R. C. Puryear, Mrs. JANE CLINGMAN, mother of General Thos. L. Clingman and Dr. John P. Clingman, aged 84 years.

$500 IN PRIZES!

TWO NEW POTATOES!

EXTRA EARLY VERMONT. Ten days earlier than Early Rose. **Enormously productive** and of **excellent flavor. $1** per pound; **4** pounds by mail, postpaid, for **$3 50.**

COMPTON'S SURPRISE, 826 Bushels to the Acre. A little later than Early Rose. Equal in quality. **$3** per pound, by mail, postpaid.

$500 will be awarded, as PREMIUMS to those who produce the largest quantiy from one pound. Descriptive Circulars of the above, with list of 300 varieties of Potatoes, free to all.

Illustrated Seed Catalogue, 200 pages, with **Colored Chromo,** 25 cents

A New Tomato, the **"ARLINGTON."** Early, solid and productive. Price 25 cents per packet; 5 packets for $1.

B. K. BLISS & SONS,
23 Park Row, New York.

E. A. PFOHL. J. H. STOCKTON.

WONDERFUL! WONDERFUL!!

Magnificent display of

New Spring Goods

AT

Pfohl & Stockton's

IN

SALEM AND WINSTON, N. C.

—:o:—

DRY GOODS

in great variety, comprising the latest styles of

DRESS GOODS.

Novelties In Notions.

SHOES and BOOTS of the most desirable make.
HATS,—the latest.
DRUGS of the purest and most genuine.
HARDWARE in abundance.
GROCERIES, the cheapest.
QUEESWARE, unsurpassed.

Our wholesale department is complete.
Call and examine our stock. Accommodating and polite salesmen. No trouble to show Goods.
Agents for Falls of Neuse paper mills. Sell their goods at Manufacturers's prices. Want all the Rags in the country. Every convenience for wagoners and their teams.

PFOHL & STOCKTON.
SUCCESSORS TO C. PFOHL.
Established in 1831.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY

For Sale in Winston.

I OFFER for sale a large two-story brick Dwelling-house, containing seven rooms, and a well-arranged basement under the whole house. There are good and convenient out-houses on the premises.

The lot is 150 feet front on *Main Street*, by 200 feet deep, running through from *Main* to *Salt street*.

The dwelling is so located, that there is ample room on either side for the erection of any kind of a business house.

The lot is very desirable, being near the dividing line between Salem and Winston, and is the most convenient location on Main Street, to the Railroad Depot. For particulars apply to Pfohl & Stockton.
May 1, 1873. E. A. PFOHL.

THE MOST POPULAR MEDICINE EXTANT.

1840. Over Thirty Years 1873.

Since the Introduction of
PERRY DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER.

The Pain-Killer
Is equally applicable and efficacious to young or old.

The Pain-Killer
Is both an Internal and External remedy.

The Pain-Killer
Will cure Fever and Ague when other remedies have failed.

The Pain-Killer
Should be used at the first manifestations of Cold or Cough.

The Pain-Killer
Is the Great Family Me[illegible]e.

The Pain-Killer
Will cure Painter's [illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Is good for Scalds [illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Has the verdict of [illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Gives Universal Sat[illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Beware of *Imitations* and [illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Is almost a certain cure [illegible] and has, without doubt, been more successful in curing this terrible disease than any other known remedy, or even the most eminent and skillful Physicians. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates, a SURE REMEDY.

The Pain-Killer
Each bottle is wrapped with full directions for use.

The Pain-Killer
Is sold by all Druggists and dealers in Family Medicines.

NEW
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT
IN KERNERSVILLE.

MRS. DR. KERNER

Respectfully offers to the public a fine stock of MILLINERY GOODS,

with a variety of NOTIONS, embracing all the styles to be found in Salem or Greensboro, *at low prices.*

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
April 21, 1873. 17-tf.

NORTH CAROLINA, DAVIDSON COUNTY. } In the Superior Court.

John G. Ector and wife Phœbe I. Ector, plaintiffs, against David F. Brown, George W. Brown and Nolen Brown, defendants.

The commissioner appointed to make sale of the lands mentioned in the pleadings in the above entitled cause, having on the 7th day of April, 1873, filed his report of the sale thereof, and said report setting forth that said lands brought a fair price; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants, David F. Brown, George W. Brown and Nolen Brown reside beyond the limits of the State: It is ordered by the Court that notice be published in the "People's Press," a newspaper published in the town of Salem, North Carolina, for six successive weeks, requiring said defendants, if they have any exceptions to said report, to file such exceptions in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Davidson County, State of North Carolina, on or before the first day of June, 1873.

L. E. JOHNSON, C. S. C.
April 9, 1873. 16-6t.

Beware of Counterfeits!

JOB MOSES' SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS
are extensively COUNTERFEITED. *Dishonest Druggists endeavor to sell the counterfeits to make greater profits. The genuine have the name of Job Moses on each package. All others are worthless imitations.* The GENUINE Pills are unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and remove all obstructions, from whatever cause.

TO MARRIED LADIES
they are particularly suited. They will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity; and although very powerful, contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The circulars around each package give full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for them, sealed from observation.

N. B.—In all cases where the GENUINE cannot be obtained, One Dollar enclosed to the Sole Proprietor, JOB MOSES, 18 Cortlandt St., New York, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, *securely sealed* from any knowledge of its contents.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Cure COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION AND LUNG DISEASES. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. Ask for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. **Price 25 cents per box.** JOB MOSES, Proprietor, 13 Cortlandt Street, New York.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS.
Prepared by J. GARANCIERE,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

These pills are highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France as the very best remedy in all cases of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness; Nightly, Daily or *Premature* Emissions; Sexual Weakness or *Impotency*; Weakness arising from Secret Habits and Sexual Excesses; *Relaxation* of the Genital Organs; Weak Spine; Deposits in the Urine, and all the ghastly train of Diseases arising from Overuse or Excesses. They *cure* when all other remedies fail. Pamphlet of Advice in each box, or will be sent Free to any address. **Price $1 per Box.** Sent by mail, *securely sealed from all observation*, on receipt of price. OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK, Sole General Agent for America.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

12,000,000 ACRES!

CHEAP FARMS!

The cheapest land in market for sale by the
UNION PACIFIC RAIL ROAD COMPANY
In the Great Platte Valley.

3,000,000 Acres in Central Nebraska

Now for sale in tracts of forty acres and upwards on five and ten year's credit at 6 per cent. No advance interest required.

Mild and healthful climate, fertile soil, an abundance of good water.

THE BEST MARKET IN THE WEST! The great mining regions of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, and Nevada being supplied by the farmers in the Platte Valley.

Soldiers entitled to a Homestead of 160 Acres.

THE BEST LOCATIONS FOR COLONIES.

FREE HOMES FOR ALL!—Millions of acres of choice Government Lands open for entry under the Homestead Law, near the Great Railroad, with good markets and all the conveniences of an old settled country. Free passes to purchasers of Railroad Land. Sectional maps showing the Land, also new edition of Descriptive Pamphlet with new maps mailed free everywhere. Address G. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Omaha, Neb.

[Established 1830.]
WELCH & CRIFFITHS,
Manufacturers of Saws
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS,
EVERY SAW WARRANTED.
FILES, BELTING, MACHINERY.
LIBERAL DISCOUNTS.
WELCH & CRIFFITHS,
Boston, Mass., & Detroit, Mich.

McKENNEY & CO.,
Claim and Patent Agents.

Claims of Census Marshals of 1860 collected without proof of loyalty.

P. O. Box 429, Washington City, D. C.

USE the Reisinger Sash Lock and Support to

FASTEN YOUR WINDOWS!

No spring to break, no cutting of sash; cheap, durable, very easily applied; holds sash at any place desired, and a self-fastener when the sash is down. Send stamp for circular. Circular and six copper-bronzed locks sent to any address in the U. S., postpaid, on receipt of 50 cents. Liberal inducements to the trade. Agents wanted. Address REISINGER SASH LOCK CO., No. 418 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

THE LIGHT RUNNING **DOMESTIC**
Sewing Machine
Is the BEST IN THE WORLD.
Agents Wanted. Send for Circular. Address:
"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO., N. Y.

LOOK!!! FOR 50 CTS.

By sending 50c. to GEO. D. BURTON, New Ipswich, N. H., you will receive by return mail your name nicely cut in a **Stencil Plate,** for marking clothing, Books, Cards, &c., with ink, brush, and directions, all post-paid. Address, for Circulars,
GEORGE D. BURTON
New Ipswich, N. H.

THE SURRENDER OF GEN. LEE.
AT APPOMATTOX C. H., VA., APRIL 9th, 1865.

A magnificent 14x17 inch Engraving of the surrender of General Lee, showing the armies, &c. It is truly a gem of art, one which should hang in the parlor of every Southern home. Sent by mail, mounted on a roller and post-paid, on receipt of 20 cents, or 3 for 50 cents. AGENTS WANTED. Address **J. C. & W. M. BURROW, Bristol, Tenn.**
Catalogues of Pictures, Books, &c., sent free.

Write for a Price List to **J. H. JOHNSTON,**

179 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Breech-Loading Shot Guns, $40 to $300. Double Shot Guns, $8 to $150. Single Guns, $3 to $20. Rifles, $8 to $75. Revolvers, $5 to $25. Pistols, $1 to $8. Gun Material, Fishing Tackle, &c. *Large Discounts to Dealers or Clubs.* Army Guns, Revolvers, etc., bought or traded for. Goods sent by express, C.O.D. to be examined before paid for.

FULL WEIGHT SOAP.
PROCTER & GAMBLE'S
EXTRA OLIVE.
Some brands of Soap are sold short weight—five to eight pounds per box. If you use these Soaps you pay money for what you do not receive. CAN YOU AFFORD TO DO SO?—
Buy PROCTER & GAMBLE'S Full weight Brand. Sold by Grocers in your city.
WILLARD BROS.
Wholesale Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 2-4w.

HOW 'TIS DONE, or the Secret Out. Mustache and Whiskers in **42** days. This GREAT SECRET and 100 others. Gamblers' Tricks, Cardiology, Ventriloquism, all in the ORIGINAL **"Book of wonders."** Mailed for 25 cents. Address D. C. CUTLER, Carthage, Illinois.

AGENTS! A RARE CHANCE!!

We will pay all Agents $40 per week in cash who will engage with us at once. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address
A. COULTER & CO., Charlotte Mich.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE $60 a week guaranteed, Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of Goods sent free by mail. Address with six cent return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 16 Cortlandt St., New York.

$1,000 REWARD.

For any case of Blind Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1 00.
14-4w

10,000 GIFTS, $500,000.

—:o:—

On TUESDAY, July 8th, 1873, the **Third Grand Gift Concert,** under the management of Ex-Governor Thos. E. Bramlette, and authorized by special act of the Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, positively and unequivocally comes off in Public Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky., when 10,000 Gifts, all Cash, amounting to $500,000, will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders. The money to pay all these gifts in full is already in bank and set aside for that purpose, as the following certificate shows:

OFFICE OF FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, }
LOUISVILLE, KY, April 7, 1873. }

This is to certify that there is in the FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, to the credit of the Third Grand Gift Concert for the Benefit of the Public Library of Ky., FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, which has been set apart by the Managers to pay the gifts in full, and will be held by the Bank and paid out for this purpose, and for this purpose only.
(Signed). B S. VEECH, Cashier.

Only a few tickets remain unsold, and they will be furnished to the first applicants at the following prices: Whole tickets, $10; halves, $5; quarters, $2.50; 11 wholes for $100; 56 for $500; 113 for $1000; and 575 for $5000. For tickets and full information, apply to THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
May 1, 1873. Louisville, Ky.

LOT FOR SALE,

ON ELM STREET, adjoining the Free School House lot. Enquire of
March 27, 1873.–13-1m. DR. T. F. K HLN,

THE **OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE.**

F. FRIES, Established 1847.
PATTERSON & CO., " 1867.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Buyers of Grain and other Country Produce.

PATTERSON & CO., beg leave to thank the public for a liberal patronage, and to announce the opening of a well selected and well bought purchase of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

It is our purpose to make a specialty of *every* department of goods, which we keep in stock We will offer nothing but *good articles* at *low prices.*

Customers shall uniformly be waited on with promptness and courtesy, and shall receive "One Hundred Cents worth of Goods for One Dollar."

The rule of the House has been and shall be "The strictest integrity and impartiality in all dealings."

After the completion of the Railroad, our **WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT** will be largely increased. Our facilities for purchasing in quantity are not surpassed by any house in this section of the State.

We extend a cordial invitation to all to visit us and examine our Goods.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., April 8, 1873.

SPRING, 1873.

J. L. FULKERSON

IS OFFERING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THE

Newest Styles of Ladies' Dress Goods,

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER,

"AT PRICES CHEAPER THAN EVER."

The assortment is not surpassed by any house in this section of country.

Something NEW is added every week.

KID GLOVES.

"ALEXANDER'S and JOUVIN'S New Shades" for Ladie's and Gentlemen.
J. L. FULKERSON.

FANCY STRIPED CHALLI SHAWLS,
BLACK LACE POINTS, $7 00 to $25 00.

Salem, N. C., March 20, 1873. J. L. FULKERSON.

W. A. LASH, Jr., CABEL HAIRSTON, } Prop

O. C. SMITH, Auctioneer.

LASH'S NEW WAREHOUSE,
WINSTON, N.C.,
Is now open for the sale of Leaf Tobacco.

OUR HOUSE IS SITUATED ON THE EAST SIDE OF TOWN, **NEREST T HE DEPOT** and has

Eight large Sky Lights, with a South Light,

which gives it the advantage of other houses in the place. All we ask is a trial, and we guarantee the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES.

March 6. LASH & HAIRSTON.

1873. SPRING. 1873.

NEW GOODS SUITABLE FOR THE SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, SALEM, N. C.

HAMBURG EDGINGS & INSERTINGS, COTTON & LINEN GIMPS & FRINGES, EMBROIDERIES, FANS, PARASOLS, &c

AT BLICKENDERFER'S NOTION AND VARIETY STORE.

I invite particular attention to my new and beautiful line of

1873. SPRING. 1873.

R. G. & W. L. CALLUM,
WINSTON, N. C.,
DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs,
Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, &c.
All kinds of Analine Dyes for sale.

Physicians prescriptions carefully prepared, at all hours, day or night.

We solicit the patronage of the public generally, and will endeavor always to please.

Physician's orders promptly attended to.
March 20th, 1873. 12-3m.

RIBBONS, MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS, 1873.

ALSO

White Goods, Embroideries, &c

Armstrong, Cator & Co.,

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS
BONNET TRIMMING, NECK and SASH RIBBONS
VELVET RIBBONS, NECK TIES,
BONNET SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS & CRAPES,
FLOWERS, FEATHERS, ORNAMENTS,
FRAMES, &c.
STRAW BONNETS and LADIES' & CHILDREN'S HATS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.
AND IN CONNECTING WAREROOMS
WHITE GOODS, LINENS, EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, NETS, COLLARS, SETTS, HANDKERCHIEFS, VEILING, HEAD NETS, &c.
Nos. 227 and 239 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.

These goods are manufactured by us or bought for Cash directly from the European and American Manufacturers, embracing all the latest novelties, unequalled in variety and cheapness in any market.
Orders filled with care, promptness and despatch.
March 27, 1873.–13-3m. pd.

HOME SHUTTLE

SEWING MACHINE.

THE perfection of mechanism. Simple, compact, efficient, durable and complete. Equally good for fine or heavy work. It is a triumph of mechanical genius. The only practical low-priced Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine. Would be pleased to have every one wishing to purchase a Sewing Machine, to make personal examination of the merits of the Home Shuttle Sewing Machine.

It will Hem, Fell, Bind, Cord, Braid, Seam, Tuck, Ruffle, Hemstitch, Gather, and Sew on at the same time, and will work equally well on Silk, Linen, Woolen and Cotton Goods, with Silk, Linen or Cotton Thread.

Price, $37 00 with table.
" $25 00 without table.
C. A. HEGE, *Agent*,
Salem, N. C.

N. B. I also have the Improved Underfeed Common Sense Sewing Machine. Price, $15 00.
March 20, 2873.–12

A Good Six-Horse power STEAM ENGINE

FOR SALE, cheap for cash.
Apply to C. A. HEGE, Salem, N. C.

LOCAL ITEMS.

AMUSEMENTS.—Gus Rich, the Wizard of the Blue Ridge, gave one of his recherche entertainments on Friday evening last in Butner's Hall. The audience was large and seemed well pleased with the many amusiug feats in Natural Magic. The Wizard displays his sleight of hand to advantage, and never fails to amuse.

The comic delineations were well and faithfully given. Altogether it was a pleasant evening and it was much regretted that illness on the part of the Wizard prevented a repetition of the exhibition on Saturday night.

The Salem Brass Band enlivened the evening with Music.

On Saturday, at 2½ o'clock, the young ladies of the Academy attended the matinee, and were highly delighted with the performances.

THE COLD SNAP.—On Friday and Saturday mornings last, the weather was very cold and frosty, for the season, destroying vegetables in the gardens, and we fear the prospect for the fruit crop has been materially affected. In low places the destruction seems to have been general, but on ridges, we are pleased to learn, the damage has not been so great, in some sections, apparently not much injured.

The frost extended [illegible] of heavy frost, fruit [illegible] and wheat injured. Heavy frost in Columbia and Charleston, S. C. No frost so late there in fifty years. Much cotton will have to be replanted.

Vote on the School Tax in Forsyth County.

We are indebted to Mr. C. S. Hauser for the following election returns:

TOWNSHIPS.	For School Tax.	Against School Tax.
Below's Creek,	9	46
Salem Chapel,	21	22
Bethania,	5	35
Old Richmond,	3	48
Kernersville,	48	30
Middle Fork,	18	12
Old Town,	23	35
Vienna,	2	46
Abbott's Creek,	23	34
Broadbay,	81	66
South Fork,	9	29
Lewisville,	13	23
Winston,	40	30
	245	456

We are informed that on Thursday last, (24th ult.,) while a number of the members of New Friendship Baptist Church, in this county, were engaged in covering the South side of the building, the scaffolding gave way, precipitating several persons to the ground, but fortunately escaping with bruises of a not very serious nature.

OLIVER OPTIC is full of [illegible] interesting articles, all [illegible] the tastes of the young readers and containing much to interest and instruct older heads. It is a splendid periodical and deserves the large circulation which it enjoys.

JONESVILLE, in Yadkin county, is a pleasant little village among the hills of the Yadkin River, near the Surry line, with a small trade at present.

On the opposite side of the river is Elkin in Surry county, pleasantly situated at the junction of Elkin Creek with the Yadkin River, and enjoys quite a respectable mountain trade.

The Elkin Cotton Mills are well known, running some 800 spindles, turning out some forty bunches of cotton per day; and the weaving department some 500 yards of cloth daily.

The bridge across the Yadkin at this point is a good, substantial structure, with a span of 215 feet, and granite abutments; full length of bridge about 225 feet.

The surrounding section of country is susceptible of improvement, and could, with a little more energy and enterprise, be made a flourishing agricultural region.

MEMORIAL DAY.—The 10th of this month has been appointed by the ladies in many sections of the South as the most suitable time for decorating the graves of the "heroes of the lost cause."

CRYING SCRAPE.—We learn from the Danbury *Reporter*, that, at the recent tax listing in Peter's Creek Township, Lee Nelson and Caleb Mabe indulged in a little fight, when Nelson cut Mabe severely on the neck.

SIGNAL STATION ON BLACK MOUNTAIN.—The contemplated establishment of a signal station on Black Mountain, in Buncombe county, it seems has not been abandoned, and work is to be commenced thereon to-day.

The May number of HARPER'S MAGAZINE closes the Forty-sixth Volume. A glance at the Index of this volume—six monthly numbers—shows that it contains four hundred engravings, and limitless variety of reading matter.

In the leading article of the May number, Mr. LYMAN ABBOTT gives a very entertaining description of the various forms of "Life under the Ocean Wave," both vegetable and animal, with thirty accurate and beautiful engravings. This article fitly follows and supplements Mr. Nordhoff's article on the Ocean in the April number. The other articles are all in good taste and deeply interesting. $4 a year. Harper & Brothers, Franklin Square, New York.

Town Election.

Rotation in office is a good maxim, and we would therefore propose the following ticket at our next municipal election to be held May 5, 1873:

For Mayor—R. L. Patterson.
For Commissioners—J. G. Sides, J. D. Siewers, E. T. Ackerman, J. H. Stockton, Christian Fogle, C. T. Pfohl, J. W. Fries.

For Mayor—Jno. W. Fries.
For Commissioners—T. F. Keehln, E. T. Blum, C. Ebert, H. W. Fries, J. L. Belo, Christian Fogle, J. L. Fulkerson.

For Mayor—A. Fogle.
For Commissioners—J. D. Siewers, T. F. Keehln, E. T. Blum, R. L. Patterson, H. W. Fries, E. T. Ackerman, Christian Fogle.

For Mayor—J. P. Vest.
For Commissioners—J. G. Sides, Christian Fogle, E. T. Ackerman, Lee Hendricks, Dr. N. S. Siewers, S. E. Butner, A. C. Vogler.

Kernersville Items.

Nothing of interest has occurred in our little village since writing last. The weather has been fine so that most farmers are about done planting corn and the recent rain will hasten its sprouting. The fruit crop looks favorable, notwithstanding we had a severe frost last Saturday morning which nipped beans and potato tops.

Eggs, butter, corn, and flour have a [illegible] corn, 80c; flour, $4.25 and

The good order of our town, we fear, will not be retainable by the introduction of so many classes of persons who are necessarily connected with the Railroad, trains which now arrive and depart daily. Our town officer came very near getting something to do, as a quarrel originated at the depot, out of the scatterings of guano, as to who should possess the sweepings; but before the officer arrived the guilty departed. We think those inebriates who have been blaspheming about the Depot and walking our streets should be dealt with by our town authorities, also for lying drunk in the Church and the Free School house. Cannot a law be made to take up such persons and confine them until sobered down. What account is an incorporation unless the officers of the town will make laws and enforce them? This way of pretending to do and not doing, should not be encouraged.

Our town election will soon come off. Let us have men who will lay off and repair streets, look after the interest of each citizen, banish intemperance from our village as much as possible, give aid and comfort to all good citizens who wish to come among us, encourage the industries, &c., &c.

We had a little alarm at the Depot. The Agent discovered that as the engine stood under the eaves of the house, the wood in the tender was on fire, 10 o'clock at night, Thursday. The flames were increasing when the alarm was heard by the conductor and engineer, who arrived and soon extinguished the fire, no damage done. The wood probably ignited from a spark while running up from Greensboro.

Work on the road has stopped for a few weeks as no iron can be transported now, and the old engine (construction train) under repairs at Company's Shops. Mr. Hicks is now running the passenger train and Mr. West has returned to the Shops. [illegible] has iron laid some 3 miles from [illegible] The hands are completing the road as far as the iron is laid. Mr. W. H. Leak opens his Tobacco house to-day. He has an excellent house for the manufacture of Tobacco, and is well prepared for the business. He is now in the market for the weed.

There was a large turnout last Saturday to the closing exercises of Mr. Crews' school exhibition. Indisposition kept your correspondent from attending, but learn that all the scholars did credit to themselves and honor to the occasion. Mr. Fuel Linville and Mr. White made appropriate remarks. Impressions received on such occasions may inspire some one to do great good in public affairs generally, would that more such days could be enjoyed. What can be brought to bear upon parents to arouse them from their lethargy. Let politics be banished from the cause of Free Schools and give no one power who will not labor for the good of education. Let us act now. Draw a line and make all come up to it. Employ none but good teachers, don't think any one can teach a child,—what a mistake.

Our village has been noted for its health yet we have n few families who still retain the Ague, the measles have also appeared among some of the little folks.

Many cords of hickory timber are now at the Depot for shipment. PHI.

MARRIED,

In Lynchburg, Va., on Tuesday morning, April 22nd, by the Rev. W. T. Hall, Mr. JULIUS A. BONITZ, editor of the Goldsboro' *Messenger*, to Miss DELIA A. BERNDT, daughter of Adam Berndt, Esq., of Lynchburg, Va.

DIED,

In this place, on Tuesday morning, April 29th, Mrs. CATHARINE SHAFFNER, nee Rank, aged 92 years and 7 months.

In Walkertown, Forsyth county, on the 16th April, JOSEPHINE BLACKBURN DICKS, the interesting little daughter of Dr. Wm. P. and Susan M. Dicks, aged 3 years 11 months, and 12 days.

Lamb like in appearance, angel like in disposition, with a sweet little tongue to attract the notice, even of strangers, she won the admiration of all who saw her, and but few children die so young that can be remembered by so many as little Josie. She was a lovely child, too fair for earth, so our Heavenly Father has taken her from a thorny desert and transplanted her in heaven to bloom in immortal youth and beauty. It was a bitter trial for parents and friends to give her up, but God knew best. We cannot see now the smiling face of God in this dispensation but we shall see it hereafter, and be enabled to praise him.

In Yadkin county, N. C., on the 17th April, at the former residence of her late son-in-law, the Hon. R. C. Puryear, Mrs. JANE CLINGMAN, mother of General Thos. L. Clingman and Dr. John P. Clingman, aged 84 years.

$500 IN PRIZES!

TWO NEW POTATOES!

EXTRA EARLY VERMONT. Ten days earlier than Early Rose. **Enormously productive** and of **excellent flavor. $1** per pound; **4** pounds by mail, postpaid, for **$3 50.**

COMPTON'S SURPRISE, 826 Bushels to the Acre. A little later than Early Rose. Equal in quality. **$3** per pound, by mail, postpaid.

$500 will be awarded, as PREMIUMS to those who produce the largest quantiy from one pound. Descriptive Circulars of the above, with list of 300 varieties of Potatoes, free to all.

Illustrated Seed Catalogue, 200 pages, with **Colored Chromo,** 25 cents
A New Tomato, the **"ARLINGTON."** Early, solid and productive. Price 25 cents per packet; 5 packets for $1.

B. K. BLISS & SONS,
23 Park Row, New York.

E. A. PFOHL. J. H. STOCKTON.

WONDERFUL! WONDERFUL!!

Magnificent display of

New Spring Goods

AT

Pfohl & Stockton's

IN

SALEM AND WINSTON, N. C.

—:o:—

DRY GOODS

in great variety, comprising the latest styles of

DRESS GOODS.

Novelties In Notions.

SHOES and BOOTS of the most desirable make.
HATS,—the latest.
DRUGS of the purest and most genuine.
HARDWARE in abundance.
GROCERIES, the cheapest.
QUEESWARE, unsurpassed.

Our wholesale department is complete.

Call and examine our stock. Accommodating and polite salesmen. No trouble to show Goods.

Agents for Falls of Neuse paper m lls. Sell their goods at Manufacturers's prices. Want all the Rags in the country. Every convenience for wagoners and their teams.

PFOHL & STOCKTON.
SUCCESSORS TO [illegible] PFOHL.
Established in 1831.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY
For Sale in Winston.

I OFFER for sale a large two-story brick Dwelling-house, containing seven rooms, and a well-arranged basement under the whole house. There are good and convenient out-houses on the premises.

The lot is 150 feet front on *Main Street*, by 200 feet deep, running through from *Main* to *Salt street*.

The dwelling is so located, that there is ample room on either side for the erection of any kind of a business house.

The lot is very desirable, being near the dividing line between Salem and Winston, and is the most convenient location on Main Street, to the Railroad Depot. For particulars apply to Pfohl & Stockton.

May 1, 1873. E. A. PFOHL.

THE MOST POPULAR MEDICINE EXTANT.

1840. Over Thirty Years 1873.

Since the Introduction of
PERRY DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER.

The Pain-Killer
Is equally applicable and effacacious to young or old.

The Pain-Killer
Is both an Internal and External remedy.

The Pain-Killer
Will cure Fever and Ague when other remedies have failed.

The Pain-Killer
Should be used at the first manifestations of Cold or Cough.

The Pain-Killer
Is the Great Family Me[illegible]e.

The Pain-Killer
Will cure Painter's [illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Is good for Scalds [illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Has the verdict of [illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Gives Universal Sat[illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Beware of *Imitations* and [illegible]

The Pain-Killer
Is almost a certain cure [illegible] and has, without doubt, been more successful in curing this terrible disease than any other known remedy, or even the most eminent and skillful Physicians. In India, Africa and China, where this dreadful disease is ever more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates, a SURE REMEDY.

The Pain-Killer
Each bottle is wrapped with full directions for use.

The Pain-Killer
Is sold by all Druggists and dealers in Family Medicines.

NEW
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT
IN KERNERSVILLE.

MRS. DR. KERNER

Respectfully offers to the public a fine stock of
MILLINERY GOODS,
with a variety of NOTIONS, embracing all the styles to be found in Salem or Greensboro, *at low prices.*

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
April 21, 1873. 17-tf.

NORTH CAROLINA, DAVIDSON COUNTY. } In the Superior Court.

John G. Ector and wife Phœbe I. Ector, plaintiffs. against
David F. Brown, George W. Brown and Nolen Brown, defendants.

The commissioner appointed to make sale of the lands mentioned in the pleadings in the above entitled cause, having on the 7th day of April, 1873, filed his report of the sale thereof, and said report setting forth that said lands brought a fair price; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants, David F. Brown, George W. Brown and Nolen Brown reside beyond the limits of the State: It is ordered by the Court that notice be published in the "People's Press," a newspaper published in the town of Salem, North Carolina, for six successive weeks, requiring said defendants, if they have any exceptions to said report, to file such exceptions in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Davidson County, State of North Carolina, on or before the first day of June, 1873.

L. E. JOHNSON, C. S. C.
April 9, 1873. 16-6t.

Beware of Counterfeits!

JOB MOSES' SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS *are extensively* COUNTERFEITED. *Dishonest Druggists endeavor to sell the counterfeits to make greater profits. The genuine have the name of Job Moses on each package. All others are worthless imitations.* The GENUINE Pills are unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and remove all obstructions, from whatever cause.

TO MARRIED LADIES
they are particularly suited. They will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity; and although very powerful, contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The circulars around each package give full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for them, sealed from observation.

N. B.—In all cases where the GENUINE cannot be obtained, One Dollar enclosed to the Sole Proprietor, JOB MOSES, 18 Cortlandt St., New York, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, *securely sealed* from any knowledge of its contents.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS
Cure COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION AND LUNG DISEASES. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. Ask for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. **Price 25 cents per box.** JOB MOSES, Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS.
Prepared by J. GARANCIERE,
No. 314 Rue Lombard, Paris.

These pills are highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France as the very best remedy in all cases of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness; Nightly, Daily or *Irremediless* Emissions; Sexual Weakness or *Impotency;* Weakness arising from Secret Habits and Sexual Excesses; *Relaxation* of the Genital Organs; Weak Spine; Deposits in the Urine, and all the ghastly train of Diseases arising from Overuse or Excesses. They *cure* when all other remedies fail. Pamphlet of Advice in each box, or will be sent Free to any address. **Price $1 per Box.** Sent by mail, *securely sealed from all observation,* on receipt of price. OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 CORTLANDT St., New York, Sole General Agent for America.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

12,000,000 ACRES!

CHEAP FARMS!

The cheapest land in market for sale by the
UNION PACIFIC RAIL ROAD COMPANY
In the Great Platte Valley.

3,000,000 Acres in Central Nebraska

Now for sale in tracts of forty acres and upwards on five and ten year's credit at 6 per cent. No advance interest required.

Mild and healthful climate, fertile soil, an abundance of good water.

THE BEST MARKET IN THE WEST! The great mining regions of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, and Nevada being supplied by the farmers in the Platte Valley.

Soldiers entitled to a Homestead of 160 Acres.

THE BEST LOCATIONS FOR COLONIES.

FREE HOMES FOR ALL!—Millions of acres of choice Government Lands open for entry under the Homestead Law, near the Great Railroad, with good markets and all the conveniences of an old settled country. Free passes to purchasers of Railroad Land. Sectional maps showing the Land, also new edition of Descriptive Pamphlet with new maps mailed free everywhere. Address G. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Omaha, Neb.

[Established 1830.]
WELCH & GRIFFITHS,
Manufacturers of Saws
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS,
EVERY SAW WARRANTED.
FILES, BELTING, MACHINERY.
LIBERAL DISCOUNTS.
WELCH & GRIFFITHS,
Boston, Mass., & Detroit, Mich.

McKENNEY & CO.,
Claim and Patent Agents.

Claims of Census Marshals of 1860 collected without proof of loyalty.

P. O. Box 429, Washington City, D. C.

USE the Reisinger Sash Lock and Support to
EASTEN YOUR WINDOWS!

No spring to break, no cutting of sash; cheap, durable, very easily applied; holds sash at any place derired, and a self-fastener when the sash is down. Send stamp for circular. Circular and six copper-bronzed locks sent to any address in the U. S., postpaid, on receipt of 50 cents. Liberal inducements to the trade. Agents wanted. Address REISINGER SASH LOCK CO., No. 418 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

THE LIGHT RUNNING DOMESTIC
Sewing Machine
Is the BEST IN THE WORLD.
Agents Wanted. Send for Circular. Address:
"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE CO., N. Y.

LOOK!!! FOR 50 CTS.

By sending 50c. to GEO. D. BURTON, New Ipswich, N. H., you will receive by return mail your name nicely cut in a **Stencil Plate,** for marking clothing, Books, Cards, &c., with ink, brush, and directions, all post-paid. Address, for Circulars,
GEORGE D. BURTON
New Ipswich, N. H.

THE SURRENDER OF GEN. LEE.

AT APPOMATTOX C. H., VA., APRIL 9th, 1865.

A magnificent 14x17 inch Engraving of the surrender of General Lee, showing the armies, &c. It is truly a gem of art, one which should hang in the parlor of every Southern home. Sent by mail, mounted on a roller and post-paid, on receipt of 20 cents, or 3 for 50 cents. AGENTS WANTED. Address **J. C. & W. M. BURROW, Bristol, Tenn.**
Catalogues of Pictures, Books, &c., sent free.

Write for a Price List to **J. H. JOHNSTON,**
GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS
179 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Breech-Loading Shot Guns, $40 to $300. Double Shot Guns, $8 to $150. Single Guns, $3 to $20. Rifles, $8 to $75. Revolvers, $5 to $25. Pistols, $1 to $8. Gun Material, Fishing Tackle, &c. *Large Discounts to Dealers or Clubs.* Army Guns, Revolvers, etc., bought or traded for. Goods sent by express, C.O.D. to be examined before paid for.

FULL WEIGHT SOAP.
PROCTER & GAMBLE'S *EXTRA OLIVE.*
Some brands of Soap are sold short weight—five to eight pounds per box. If you use these Soaps you pay money for what you do not receive. CAN YOU AFFORD TO DO SO?—
Buy PROCTER & GAMBLE'S Full weight Brand. Sold by Grocers in your city.
WILLARD BROS.
Wholesale Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 2-4w.

HOW 'TIS DONE, or the Secret Out. Mustache and Whiskers in **42** days. This GREAT SECRET and 100 others. Gamblers' Tricks, Cardiology, Ventriloquism, all in the ORIGINAL **"Book of wonders."** Mailed for 25 cents. Address D. C. CUTLER, Carthrge, Illinois.

AGENTS! A RARE CHANCE!!

We will pay all Agents $40 per week in cash who will engage with us at once. Everything furnished and expenses paid. Address
A. COULTER & CO., Charlotte Mich.

WORKING CLASS MALE OR FEMALE $60 a week guaranteed, Respectable employment at home, day or evening; no capital required; full instructions and valuable package of Goods sent free by mail. Address with six cent return stamp, M. YOUNG & CO., 16 Cortlandt St., New York.

$1.000 REWARD.

For any case of Blind Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DR BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1 00.
14-4w

10,000 GIFTS, $500,000.

—:o:—

On TUESDAY, July 8th, 1873, the **Third Grand Gift Concert**, under the management of Ex-Governor Thos. E. Bramlette, and authorized by special act of the Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, positively and unequivocally comes off in Public Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky., when 10,000 Gifts, all Cash, amounting to $500,000, will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders. The money to pay all these gifts in full is already in bank and set aside for that purpose, as the following certificate shows:

OFFICE OF FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, }
LOUISVILLE, KY, April 7, 1873. }

This is to certify that there is in the FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, to the credit of the Third Grand Gift Concert for the Benefit of the Public Library of Ky., FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, which has been set apart by the Managers to pay the gifts in full, and will be held by the Bank and paid out for this purpose, and for this purpose only.
(Signed). B S. VEECH, Cashier.

Only a few tickets remain unsold, and they will be furnished to the first applicants at the following prices: Whole tickets, $10; halves, $5; quarters, $2.50; 11 wholes for $100; 56 for $500; 113 for $1000; and 575 for $5000. For tickets and full information, apply to THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
May 1, 1873. Louisville, Ky.

LOT FOR SALE,

ON ELM STREET, adjoining the Free School House lot. Enquire of
March 27, 1873.-13-1m. DR. T. F. K HLN.

THE
OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE.

F. FRIES, Established 1847.
PATTERSON & CO., " 1867.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Buyers of Grain and other Country Produce.

PATTERSON & CO., beg leave to thank the public for a liberal patronage, and to announce the opening of a well selected and well bought purchase of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

It is our purpose to make a specialty of *every* department of goods, which we keep in stock We will offer nothing but *good articles* at *low prices.*

Customers shall uniformly be waited on with promptness and courtesy, and shall receive "One Hundred Cents worth of Goods for One Dollar."

The rule of the House has been and shall be "The strictest integrity and impartiality in all dealings."

After the completion of the Railroad, our **WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT** will be largely increased. Our facilities for purchasing in quantity are not surpassed by any house in this section of the State.

We extend a cordial invitation to all to visit us and examine our Goods.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., April 8, 1873.

SPRING, 1873.

J. L. FULKERSON

IS OFFERING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF THE

Newest Styles of Ladies' Dress Goods,

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER,

"AT PRICES CHEAPER THAN EVER."

The assortment is not surpassed by any house in this section of country.

Something NEW is added every week.

KID GLOVES,

'ALEXANDER'S and JOUVIN'S New Shades" for Ladie's and Gentlemen.
J. L. FULKERSON.

FANCY STRIPED CHALLI SHAWLS,
BLACK LACE POINTS, $7 00 to $25 00.

Salem, N. C., March 20, 1873. J. L. FULKERSON.

W. A. LASH, Jr., CABEL HAIRSTON, } Prop

O. C. SMITH, Auctioneer.

LASH'S NEW WAREHOUSE,

WINSTON, N.C.,

Is now open for the sale of Leaf Tobacco.

OUR HOUSE IS SITUATED ON THE EAST SIDE OF TOWN, **NEREST T HE DEPOT** and has

Eight large Sky Lights, with a South Light,

which gives it the advantage of other houses in the place. All we ask is a trial, and we guarantee the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICES.

March 6. LASH & HAIRSTON.

1873. SPRING. 1873.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED AT BLICKENDERFER'S NOTION AND VARIETY STORE.

I invite particular attention to my new and beautiful line of

HAMBURG EDGINGS & INSERTINGS,
COTTON & LINEN GIMPS & FRINGES,
EMBROIDERIES, FANS, PARASOLS, &c

SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE, SALEM, N. C.

1873. SPRING. 1873.

R. G. & W. L. CALLUM,

WINSTON, N. C.,
DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES,
Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, &c.
All kinds of Analine Dyes for sale.

Physicians prescriptions carefully prepared, at all hours, day or night.

We solicit the patronage of the public generally, and will endeavor always to please.

Physician's orders promptly attended to.
March 20th, 1873. 12-3m.

RIBBONS, MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS, 1873.

ALSO

White Goods, Embroideries, &c

Armstrong, Cator & Co.,

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS
BONNET TRIMMING, NECK and SASH RIBBONS
VELVET RIBBONS, NECK TIES,
BONNET SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS & CRAPES,
FLOWERS, FEATHERS, ORNAMENTS,
FRAMES, &c.
STRAW BONNETS and LADIES' & CHILDREN'S HATS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.
AND IN CONNECTING WAREROOMS
WHITE GOODS, LINENS, EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, NETS, COLLARS, SETTS, HANDKERCHIEFS, VEILING, HEAD NETS, &c.

Nos. 227 and 229 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.

These goods are manufactured by us or bought for Cash directly from the European and American Manufacturers, embracing all the latest novelties, unequalled in variety and cheapness in any market.
Orders filled with care, promptness and despatch.
March 27, 1873.-13-3m. pd.

HOME SHUTTLE

SEWING MACHINE.

THE perfection of mechanism. Simple, compact, efficient, durable and complete. Equally good for fine or heavy work. It is a triumph of mechanical genius. The only practical low-priced Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine. Would be pleased to have every one wishing to purchase a Sewing Machine, to make personal examination of the merits of the Home Shuttle Sewing Machine.

It will Hem, Fell, Bind, Cord, Braid, Seam, Tuck, Ruffle, Hemstitch, Gather, and Sew on at the same time, and will work equally well on Silk, Linen, Woolen and Cotton Goods, with Silk, Linen or Cotton Thread.

Price, $37 00 with table.
" $25 00 without table.
C. A. HEGE, *Agent,*
Salem, N. C.

N. B. I also have the Improved Underfeed Common Sense Sewing Machine. Price, $15 00.
March 20, 2873.-12

A Good Six-Horse power STEAM ENGINE

FOR SALE, cheap for cash.
Apply to C. A. HEGE, Salem, N. C.

Poetry.

Willow Whistles.

BY OLIVE A. WADSWORTH.

The world is wide awake to-day,
The laziest drones are bustling,
The brook slips by, the wind is gay,
And every leaf is rustling;
This shady bank, 'neath Beech and Oak,
With lance-like grasses bristles,
And you and I, two idle folk,
Sit making willow whistles.

Oh, heavenly sunshine of the May,
Succeeding winter hoary,
What shade can shut its light away,
What gloom resist its glory!
Down through our leafy canopy
Dart myriad golden missiles,
And gild the brook, the bank, the tree,
And e'en the willow whistles.

Such wealth of leaf! such worlds of green!
Such balm, no words can utter!
And all the birds that e'er were seen
Have gathered here to flutter;
They pertly perch, with heads awry
Upon the swaying thistles,
And evidently wonder why
We're making willow whistles.

How dare you, comrade, trifle so,
In these grand forest temples,
And laugh and beat your sappy bough,
And set me bad examples!
Such songs of praises here arise,
As ne'er were found in Missals,
And we should hearken were we wise,
Instead of making whistles.

They say the world's a vale of tears,
And man is born to trouble,—
The words sound idly in my ears
Besides the brooklet's bubble;
Friends change, I hear, and hopes grow pale,
The fairest project fizzles,—
I'm glad there's no such word as fail
In making willow whistles.

The brook shows back two heads of brown,
Though one's a prettier color,
A Titian hue,—no need to frown,
I've said not which is duller;
They'll be the same, both yours and mine,
When time their brownness grizzles,
And then we'll laugh at 'Auld Lang Syne,'
When we made willow whistles.

—*Scribner for May.*

Humorous.

A New Version of the Flood.

William Cullen Bryant writes as follows from Florida:

Save in the case of the very young, however, the schools have made but little impression upon the ignorance in which the colored race have been reared. Their worship in their churches give evidence of this. A lady, the other day, gave me an account of a sermon which she heard not long since in St. Augustine, as an example of their mode of embellishing Scripture history. The preacher had dwelt awhile on the fall of man, and the act of disobedience by which sin came into the world, and had got as far as the time of Noah. He then said:

"De world got to be berry wicked, de people all bad, and de Lord make up His mind to drown dem. But Noah was a good man, who read his Bible, and did jus as de Lord tole him. And de Lord tole Noah to build a big ark, big enough to hole part of ebery ting alive on de earth; and Noah built it. And de Lord call upon ebery libing ting to come into de ark and be saved. And de birds come flyin' to de ark, rnd de big lion, and de cow, and de 'possum come in, and de horse come trotting to de ark, and de leetle worms come creepin' in, but only the wicked sinner wouldn't come in, and dey laugh at Noah and his big ark. And den de rain come down, but Noah he set comfortable an' dry in de ark, and read his Bible. And de rain come down in big spouts, and come up to de doo' steps ob de houses, and gin to cober de floo', and de sinner be scaret, and knock at de doo' ob de ark berry hard. And de big lion hear de racket, and roar, and de dog bark, and de ox bellow, but Noah keep on reading de Bible. And de sinner say, 'Noah, Noah, let us come in.' And Noah say, 'I berry sorry, but I can't let you in, for de Lord hab lock de doo' and trow away de key.'"

Drawing Inferences.

"I liked your sermon very much to day, with a single exception," said a worthy pastor to a minister who had occupied his pulpit a portion of the Sabbath.

"Well, what was the exception?"

"I think you use rather too many technical phrases."

"Did I? I didn't think of it."

"You repeatedly spoke of drawing inferences. Now, that was Greek to many hearers."

"O, no. Most every one, of course, knows what we mean by drawing an inference."

"You are mistaken, brother, as sure as you live; I do not believe one-half of my congregation would understand the phrase."

"You certainly cannot be right."

"I am. Now, there is Mr. Smith," pointing out a man just turning the corner, "who is quite an intelligent farmer; we will overtake him, and I will ask him if he can draw an inference, and I do not believe that he will understand me."

Accordingly the two ministers quickened their pace, and as they came up to the said Mr. Smith, his pastor said to him:

"Brother Smith, can you draw an inference?"

Brother Smith, thus summarily interrogated, looked at his pastor fome fifteen seconds quite surprised, and then rather hesitatingly, said:

"Well, I suppose I could. I've got a pair of steers that can draw anything to which they are hitched; but I shouldn't like to on Sunday."—*Constellation.*

A Mystery.

Two darkies had bought a piece of pork, and Sam, having no place to put his in, trusted it to Julius' keeping. The next morning they met, when Julius said:

"A most strange thing happened at my house last night, Sam. All a mystery to me."

"Ah! Julius; what was dat?"

"Well, Sam, dis mornin' I went down into de cellar for to get a piece of hog for breakfast, and I put my hand down into der brine, and felt all around but no pork dere—all gone—couldn't tell what went with it; so I turned up de bar'l, and Sam, true as preaching, de rats had eat a hole clear fro de bottom ob de bar'l and dragged de pork all out."

"Why didn't de brine run out ob de hole?"

"Ah, Sam, dat's de mystery."

The ruin of most men dates from some vacant hour. Occupation is the armor of the soul. There is a satirical poem in which the devil is represented as fishing for men, and fitting his bait to the taste and business of his prey; but the idler he said, gave him no trouble, as he bit at the naked hook.

GOLD PENS,
A Good Article at the BOOKSTORE.

Agricultural.

Saving Manure.

There is a certain amonnt of plant food in the world. There never was any more or less, and there never will be; that is, of matter which comprise it. Much the greater part of this is not in a condition for plant food; and much of that which is not nearly accessible, and we are helping on the scarcity; thus—by permitting the escape from manure heaps and the premises of almost every farmer and every household. The drains carry off the refuse of cities, and our privies are shamefully wastefully and hurtful, a nuisance throughout the land. Here is a source of the most concentrated and best manure, all of which can readily be saved. It needs but two or three times the amount of soil added, and this will be a clean, most effective manure.

We in America are wasteful. In some of the older countries they see the error, and all fertilizing material is saved. Where this has not been done the land has run down, and nations have gone with it. It will be so here unless our fertilizing material is conserved. Agriculture is the basis of national prosperity. Long-lived nations, like China and Japan, have taken advantage of this. They save carefully all the refuse of the products of the soil. This aided by the mineral matter which is almost exhaustless, and the atmosphere, keeps up the supply.

The aim of the farmer should be to save and make all the manure possible, and make it as cheap as possible, for this is the very main thing he must rely on; it is the material that he speculates upon, the great investment on which he is to realize. Let the soil be deepened and mellowed so as to draw from below both fertility and moisture, and also for the atmosphere by mixing it with the soil, stirring it, and growing larger-leaved leguminous plants. Thus corn and clover, with occasionally peas, and the grasses, varied in rotation with grain and the root crop. It is deep culture and drainage, with a large growth of clover and the grasses, that are the main reliance of the farmer. They are renovating the old worn-out land, and saving the new. In addition save all the refuse of the farm. It is thus that a farm can be made self-paying, self-sustaining, making the independent farmer.

Grass and Pork.

Feed more grass! These three words contain and explain the entire theory of that practice by which any one can make hog raising— barring the cholera—as profitable as the raising of any other kind of stock, if not more so on account of their ready sale in any market every year. When I say feed more grass, I do not mean to advise you to turn your sows and pigs, shoats and stock hogs upon a short crop of any kind of grass, or upon and old field in which the noxious weeds and briers luxurate, or from which the cream of the best and richest herbage has been cropped by your bunch of mules, cattle or horses, and then expect your hogs to flourish, grow and fatten for the market, without feeding them corn at all. By no means; hogs kept on such pasture must have corn, and that in ample quantities every day, if you would realize antyhing from their growth.

A small but excellent hog raiser followed these rules: He fed about sixty-five acres in clover and rye; while the clover was growing rapidly, he turned in the smaller ones, and when it blossomed, he turned them all in until the rye was ripe enough, then turned them all on the rye to eat it down, and in this way the clover and the rye reseeds a field for years. Before the clover came, there was always a good good blue grass pasture. The first of October they were put up and finished on corn. On this plan his hogs were always healthy and his pork cheaply made.

The Advance Mower!

Took the FIRST PREMIUM at the North Carolina State Fair, 1872.

THE ADVANCE is no new and untried machine, but one that is well and favorably known in many parts of North Carolina, and where best known is most esteemed.

In these days of cheap and imperfect machines, it is of the greatest importance, that all in want of a REALLY GOOD MACHINE, should know where to find it, and to all such we do not hesitate to recommend "THE ADVANCE":

Because it is LIGHT, SIMPLE, COMPACT and EASILY MANAGED. It works well on SMOOTH or STUMPY LAND and is not liable to get out of order. Has a substantial iron frame which cannot become loose and rickety. The gearing is strong and durable. It is a forward cut machine, the cutter-bar being in front of the wheels. By the different lever arrangements, either end of the cutter-bar may be raised independently of the other, or both ends may be raised at the same time; or the bar may be folded and the team driven through gates or bars, or along the road, without the driver leaving his seat. The gearing is all completely enclosed in a cast iron case so as to exclude all grit, dirt, &c.

There were more of the ADVANCE MOWERS AND REAPERS sold in North Carolina during last summer, than all others put together.

Call and see "THE ADVANCE" or send for illustrated circular containing full particulars, before purchasing elsewhere, to

C. A. HEGE, Salem, N. C.,
State Agent for North Carolina for the Advance Mower and Reaper.
Also dealer in all kinds of labor-saving machinery.
March 20, 1873.-12-

Richmond & Danville Railroad,
(NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION.)

On and after Monday, March 3d, 1873, a mixed Passenger and Freight Train will be run daily, (except Sundays,) on N. W. N. C. R. R., between Greensboro' and Kernersville, in accordance with the following Time Table:

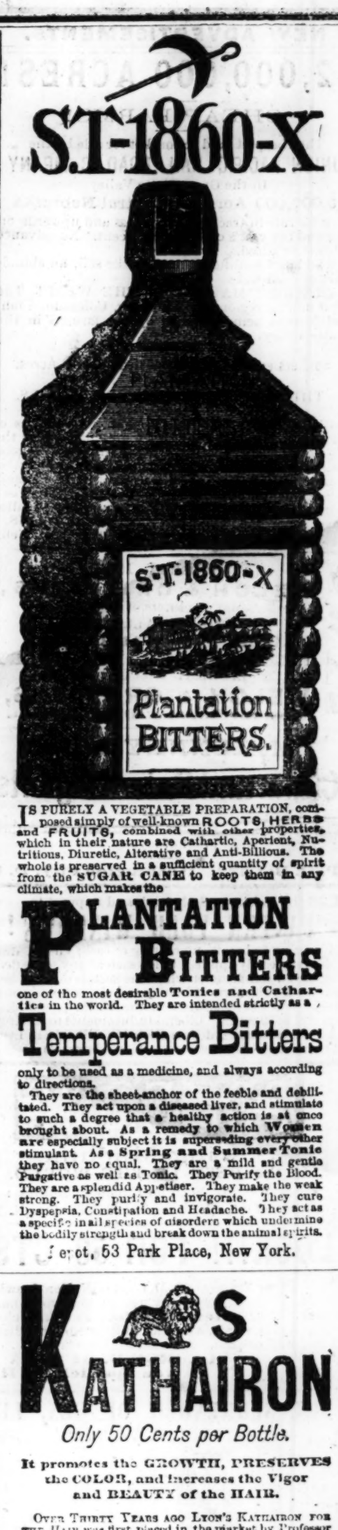
Going East.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Kernersville,		9.00 A.M
Friendship,	9.35 A. M.	9.38
New Garden,	9.55	9.57
Intersection,	10.14	10.16 A.M.
Greensboro,	10.30 A. M.	

Going West.

STATIONS.	ARRIVE.	LEAVE.
Greensboro',		3.40 P. M
Intersection,	3.54 P. M.	3.56
New Garden,	4.14	4.16
Friendship,	4.33	4.35 P. M.
Kernersville,	5.10 P. M.	

Building and Alphabet BLOCKS FOR CHILDREN,
at the - - BOOKSTORE



IS PURELY A VEGETABLE PREPARATION, composed simply of well-known ROOTS, HERBS and FRUITS, combined with other properties, which in their nature are Cathartic, Aperient, Nutritious, Diuretic, Alterative and Anti-Billious. The whole is preserved in a sufficient quantity of spirit from the SUGAR CANE to keep them in any climate, which makes the

PLANTATION BITTERS

one of the most desirable Tonics and Cathartics in the world. They are intended strictly as a

Temperance Bitters

only to be used as a medicine, and always according to directions.

They are the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. They act upon a diseased liver, and stimulate to such a degree that a healthy action is at once brought about. As a remedy to which Women are especially subject it is superseding everything stimulant. As a Spring and Summer Tonic they have no equal. They are a mild and gentle Purgative as well as Tonic. They Purify the Blood. They are a splendid Appetiser. They make the weak strong. They purify and invigorate. They cure Dyspepsia, Constipation and Headache. They act as a specific in all species of disorders which undermine the bodily strength and break down the animal spirits.

Depot, 53 Park Place, New York.

S KATHAIRON

Only 50 Cents per Bottle.

It promotes the GROWTH, PRESERVES the COLOR, and increases the Vigor and BEAUTY of the HAIR.

OVER THIRTY YEARS AGO LYON'S KATHAIRON FOR THE HAIR was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "KATHRO," signifying to *cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore.* The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the GROWTH and BEAUTY of the HAIR. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the RAREST in QUALITY and QUANTITY of any ever over a QUARTER of a CENTURY AGO, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only Fifty Cents per Bottle.

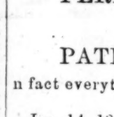
Woman's Glory is Her Hair.
LYON'S KATHAIRON

JOHN H. ZEVELY,

POST OFFICE BUILDING, SALEM, N. C

THOSE who wish to supply themselves with fresh and reliable
DRUGS & MEDICINES,
an always find them at the above establishment, at reasonable prices.
FANCY ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
NOTIONS
PATENT MEDICINES,
n fact everything in his line always on hand
Jan. 14, 1870 J. H. ZEVELY

Plantation for Sale



A Plantation, within three miles of Salem, with Dwelling and Stable thereon; Meadows, Orchard, &c., for sale.
Aug. 8, 1872. Enquire at this Office.

NATIONAL SERIES.

National Primers,
Spellers and Readers.
Dickens and Bulwers Novels,
cheap editions at the BOOK STORE

FOR SALE!

TWO GOOD BUILDING LOTS in the town of Salem, next to the residence of John W. Fries, Esq. Apply to R. GRAY.t
Winston, N. C., March 20, 1873. 12-3.

PICTURES FOR THE PEOPLE.

HIGHLY COLORED ORNAMENTED CHARTS of the following subjects:
Prince of Peace,
Life of Christ,
Pilgrim's Progress,
Our Saviour,
Mt. Vernon, Cheap at the
BOOK STORE.

STEEL ENGRAVINGS.

A lot of small Steel engravings suitable for Scrap Books, at BLUM'S.

BUY YOUR SCHOOL BOOKS, PAPER AND INK AT BLUM'S.

Mental Photograph Albums,
At the BOOK STORE

Mail Arrangements.

HIGH POINT MAIL.

Arrives daily by 8, A. M. Departs dail at 1, P. M.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL.

Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 1½, P. M. Departs Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 9, A. M.

REIDSVILLE MAIL.

Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 3 P. M. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9 A. M.

GREENSBORO MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 3 P. M. De parts every Friday, at 6 A. M.

JONESVILLE MAIL.

Arrives every Friday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.

JERUSALEM MAIL.

Arrives every Tuesday, by 7, P. M. De parts every Monday at 7, A. M.

WALNUT COVE MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 7, P. M. Departs every Friday, at 4, P. M.

PANTHER CREEK MAIL.

Arrives every Saturday, by 8, P. M. Departs every Saturday, at 6, A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

W. T. VOGLER,
DEALER IN
CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY
AND
FANCY ARTICLES,
Next Door to Crosland's Grocery Store.
SALEM, N. C.

A large and well assorted stock on hand. I have made arrangements to order anything which may be wanted, direct from the manufacturers, at any time.

All goods warranted to be what they are sold for.

☞ All kinds of REPAIRING done, and work warranted.

TOMBSTONES, TOMBSTONES,
Monuments, Head Stones or Slabs.
I am prepared to furnish any kind of Tombstones which may be wanted. **Send in your orders.**
Feb. 6, 1873. [6-6m.

Musical Instruments AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE
VIOLINS, GUITARS,
BANJOS, TAMBORINES,
FLUTES, FIFES,
ACCORDIONS.
VIOLIN, GUITAR AND BANJO STRINGS.
Extra Violin
BOWS and HAIR
For Bows, &c., &c., with a good supply of
Perfumery, Soaps & Fancy Articles

JUST RECEIVED AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE,
POST OFFICE BUILDING.

ebrated Catarrh Remedy,
den Medical Discovery,
Purgative Pellets.
rivalled Lung Balsam,
anic Oil Liniment.
icillian Hair Renewer.
Chill Cure.
fine Extracts for the
an be had in any quantity:
Caroline,
Patchuly, Musk,
Jockey Club,
Ylang Ylang,
Cologne, &c.

Call and see for yourselves. I am satisfied that I can please.
JOHN H. ZEVELY.

ESTABLISHED 1827!
THE OLD FRANKLIN PRESS.

PLAIN AND FANCY
BOOK & JOB PRINTING
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

W. B. GLENN, ATTORNEY AT LAW,
YADKINVILLE, N. C.,
Will practice in the counties of Yadkin, Stokes, Surry and those adjoining.
Prompt attention given to the collection of claims
3-1y.

Dick's English Classics.
The Cheapest Books ever Published.

Shakspeare	50 cents
Byron	50 "
Scott	25 "
Goldsmith	50 "
Burns	25 "
Milton	25 "
Cowper	25 "
Wordsworth	25 "
Moore	25 "

At the BOOK STORE.

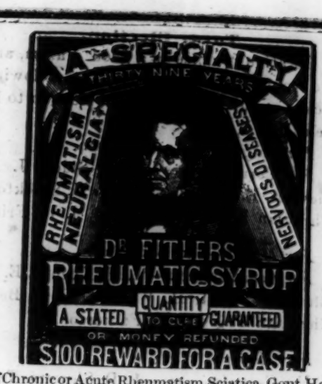
JUST RECEIVED AT THE BOOK STORE,
Mental Photograph Albums,
Waverly and other Novels, (cheap.)
Dickens and other Novels, (cheap,)
Pocket-Maps, N. C.
Hayden's Dictionary of Dates.
Pictures of Christ.
Steel Engraving of Holy Family.
World Essays.
Songs before Sunrise.
A Woman's Poems.
Verses, by. H. H.
May 19, 1871.

MUSIC.—A fresh supply of Musical Instruments just received at ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

Family Bibles, Fine and Common, at the BOOK STORE.

CHARTS FOR THE PEOPLE, at the BOOKSTORE

ALMANACS.—A few more Salem Almanacs for the retail trade, at the BOOKSTORE.



of Chronic or Acute Rheumatism, Sciatica, Gout, Headache, Lumbago, Ague, Nervousness or Kidney Affections accepted for treatment that I cannot cure.
Nov. 21, 1872-47-1y.
☞ For Sale at ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

AT ZEVELY'S Drug Store,
POST OFFICE BUILDING,
SALEM, N. C.,
EXTRA FINE COMBS,
BUFFALO AND SHELL,
TOOTH BRUSHES, KEY RINGS,
FANCY EXTRACTS,
MEEN FUN, GUM NIPPLES, &c., &c.,
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
November 14, 1872.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
HAVING qualified as Executor of the last Will persons indebted to the estate of said deceased are hereby notified to make payment without delay, as longer indulgence cannot be given. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them properly authenticated, on or before the 6th day of June, 1873, or this notice will be plead n bar of recovery.
E. T. BLUM, *Executor.*
Salem, N. C., June 4, 1872. 23-3m.

LAST CALL.
ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of Dr. A. T. Zevely, will please call and settle, without delay, otherwise notes and accounts will be placed in officers hands for collection.
L. V. BLUM,
T. R. PURNELL.
Salem, N. C., Jan. 1, 1873.

D. P. MAST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
WINSTON, N. C.
WILL practice in the Courts of Forsyth, and adjoining Counties.
☞ Pays special attention to the settlement of Estates and to Southern Claims.
Office in the Court House. 3-1y.

DR. HOOPER'S FEMALE PILLS
A positive cure for IRREGULARITY, SUPPRESSION, LEUCORRHEA, WEAKNESS, and all FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Established fifty years. BE SURE AND GET THE GENUINE.
Price $1 00 per box, sent by mail securely sealed, with full directions, on receipt of price
Direct all orders,
HOOPER & CO.,
P. O. BOX 2,453. PHILADELPHIA, PA
Jan. 16, 1873-3-12m.

FRESH GROCERIES.
A CHOICE LOT OF
MAPLE SUGAR SYRUP,
Bethlehem Mill Buckwheat Flour
PEARL LARGE HOMINY
BEEF TONGUES
TOGETHER WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES,
Dec. 5, 72 ts CROSLAND'S 18.

WORTH & WORTH,
GENERAL
Shipping and Commission
MERCHANTS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
B. G. WORTH. D. G. WORTH

HORSE AND CATTLE

POWDER at Zevely's Drug Store,

A. N. ZEVELY,
[Late Assistant Post-Master General.]
ATTENDS TO BUSINESS
BEFORE THE VARIOUS
Departments of the Government
OFFICE 421, E. STREET,
OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.
☞ Post-Office Address, Lock Box, 79, Washington City, D. C.

UNABRIDGED.
SMITH'S COMPLETE BIBLE DICTIONARY at the BOOK STORE.

AT THE BOOK STORE
NEAT WALNUT WORK BOXES at low prices
TRANSPARENT SLATES, three sizes.
Cheap Port Folios, Paper Window Shades,
Fireboard Prints, Wall Paper,
INITIAL PAPER,-Rose Tint, and Ornamented.
Magill's Paper Fasteners,
New Ink Erasers,—the best thing out.
Good and cheap Writing Paper.
Blank Account and Record Books.
Tilden's Nonspilling Inkstands.
and many other articles in our line.
L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
March 31, 1871.

BOOKS AT COST.
Bullion's Analytical and Practical Grammar,
Davie's Elements of Written Arithmetic,
" First Lessons "
" Practical "
" University "
" Intellectual "
Robinson's Progressive Higher "
Smith's "
Wilson's Primer,
Wilson's Speller,
First Lessons in Botany,
Bullion's English and Latin Dictionary.
The above books will be sold at cost and carriage, if early application be made at the
Dec. 12, 1872. BOOK STORE.

LIST OF LETTERS,
REMAINING in the Post Office at Salem, N. C April 1st, 1873.

LADIES' LIST.

Miss Breach, Miss Julia Dillon, Mrs. Nancy Davis, Mrs. Thomas Garret, Miss Mandy Hairston, (col., Mrs. Nancy Johnson, Miss Lizzie Johnson, Mrs) Margaret Kelly, Miss Malinda Lowery, Miss Eliza. Marshel, Miss Elizabeth Page, Miss Tabitha Snow, Mrs. Susanah Vawter.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

William Bodford, Rubin Barrow, Henry Gray Nathaniel Gregrory, W. H. Hare, Alexander Hepler Jere. Hester, Virgil Hester, William Jarvis, Arthur Lightfoot. (col.) H. W. Marshal, A. L. Miller, R. P. Rominger, L. E. Rice, John W. Steward, Neelous Wright.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

ATTENTION!—Excelsior HAIR OIL and PERFUMERY, at ZEVELY'S

THEA-NECTAR
GREAT REDUCTION
IN THE PRICE OF
T E A.
THE Thea-Nectar is a pure Black Tea, with a Green Tea flavor, and will suit all tastes. It can be had at **Zevely's Drug Store** at the reduced price of one dollar per pound.

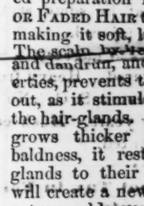
E. A. PFOHL. J. H. STOCKTON.
MERCHANT'S HOTEL,
WINSTON, N. C
THIS HOTEL is situated in one of the most favorable localities in this section. Guests can reach Salem in a few minute walk.
☞ An excellent Table with well Ventilated Rooms.
April 18, 1872.-16-6m.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp by its removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."
Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.
Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye.
FOR THE WHISKERS.
As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*; which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.
Manufactured by R. P. HALL, & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient cathartic. The reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have known what it cured them; those who have seen what it cures their neighbors and friends, know that once it is always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach, and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

IMPORTANT SALE OF LOTS
in the town of Lexington,
Davidson County, N.

IN obedience of an order of the Board of County Commissioners made on the first Monday in March instant, I shall proceed to sell for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Lexington, on Monday of our next Superior Court, it being the 29th day of April, 1873. The following described lots, situated in the town of Lexington, near the Court-house, belonging to the County, to wit: Three lots North-east of the Court-house, to be sold separately. The said lots adjacent to the lots of H. Adams and R. A. King. Three other lots opposite the residence of Gen. J. M. Leach and the store-house of Earnheart and Nooe.—Also four lots opposite the Court-house, adjoining the lot of C. F. Lowe, known as the public well lot. All the above named lots are from twenty to fifty yards of the Court-house.
DAVID W. PICKETT, Commissioner
BLACKMER & McCORKLE and J. T. BROWN, Attorneys for Commissioners.
March 5th, 1873. 11-4t.

10,000 at POUNDS FAMILY FLOUR FOR SALE WOMMACK'S.

25 at DOZEN BROOMS for sale WOMMACK'S

25 BUSHELS CLOVER SEED, both home and northern growth, at WOMMACK'S.

300 at BUSHELS SPRING OATS. WOMMACK'S.

Prime Clover, Orchard, Timothy and other Grass Seeds, at H. D. LOTT'S.

Fresh Garden Seeds
PEERLESS AND EARLY ROSE POTATOES
at H. D. LOTT'S